

Lab 00

How to Survive & Introduction to Git

Software Studio
DataLab, CS, NTHU

Teaching Assistants



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How to Find Us?

- Office Hour (TAs)
 - Thu. 10:10am-12:00pm at Delta 724
- Email
 - ssta2026@datalab.cs.nthu.edu.tw
- Online Forum
 - eeclass

If I have Question?



If I have Question?

- Always **Google or ask Chatgpt first!**
 - Learn how to google and generative AI is important.
- If you try your best but still can't catch it.
 - Feel free to ask us on eeclash or office hour.



Today's exercise

- Install Git command line tool in your computer
 - Follow appendix "Git Command-line Tool Installation".
- Try to submit in GitLab.
- Set up flutter environment (If we have time)

Outline

- General Rule
- Introduction to Git
- Version control
- Branch and merge
- How to Submit Your Code to Gitlab
- Tools & References

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The Policy of Labs

- **All labs need to be submitted to GitLab.**
- Late submission will **not** be accepted.
- Only whitelist website allowed (announce at the bottom of the lab page)
 - If we find you open the website not in the whitelist, you will get **0 point** for that lab
- Plagiarism will not be tolerated.
 - If we find you copy someone's code, you will get **0 point** for that lab.

The Policy of Labs

- Grading
 - Submission before lab ends gets 100% score
 - Submission before **11:59pm** gets 60% score

Grading Example

- 4 problems, 25% each
- Solved 4 during the lab
 - 100
- Solved 3 during the lab, 1 before 11:59pm
 - $75 + 25 * 0.6 = 90$
- Solved 4 after the lab, before 11:59pm
 - $100 * 0.6 = 60$

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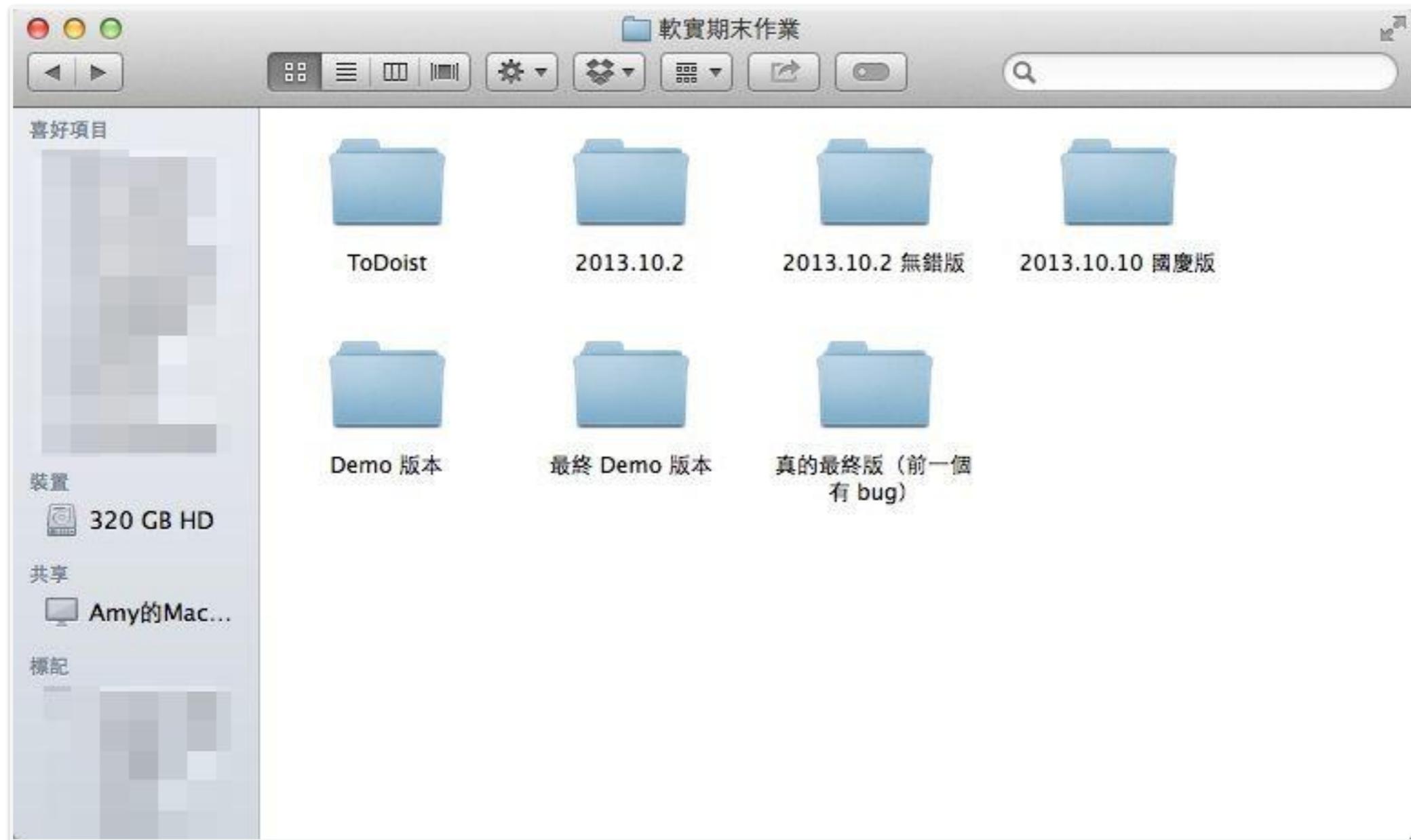
**Why should we use
version control?**

We want to track what we
did and when we did it.

Why use version control system?

- Managing your projects - tracking your files and modifications.
- Synchronization between modifications made by different developers.
- Revision history is still very helpful even if you work alone.

Students' VCS



Git



Git

- Git is a popular version control system which is
 - Fast
 - Easy to use
 - Distributed
- A git repository is a mini database that tracks your files.

Be Professional



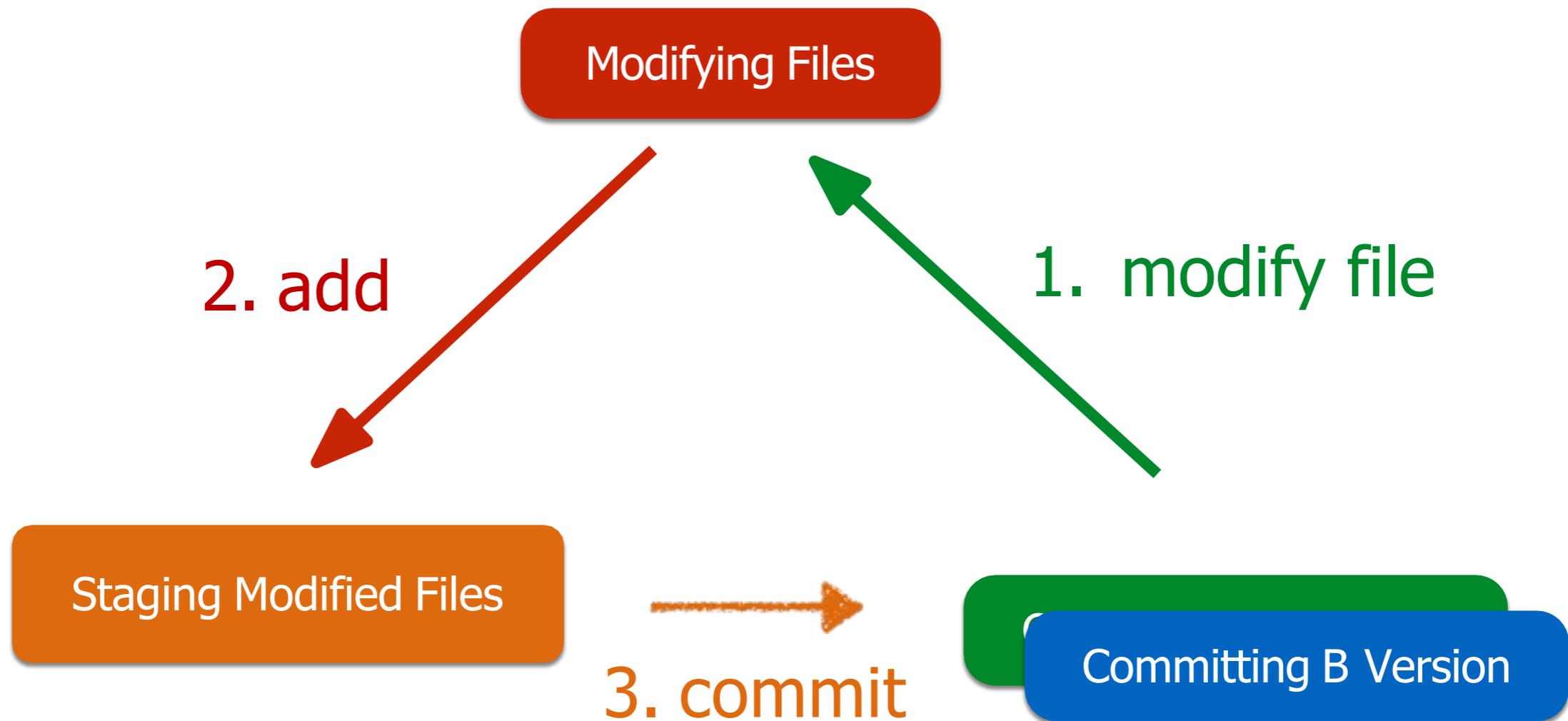
Outline

- General Rule
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Git VCS (1/2)

- With a local repository in your computer, you'll need following operations to make git track your work:
 1. Create/modify files
 2. Let git monitor the files by *adding* them to staging files.
 3. *Commit* your changes to and git will create snapshots (versions) of the files for you.

Git VCS (2/2)



Basic Git Commands

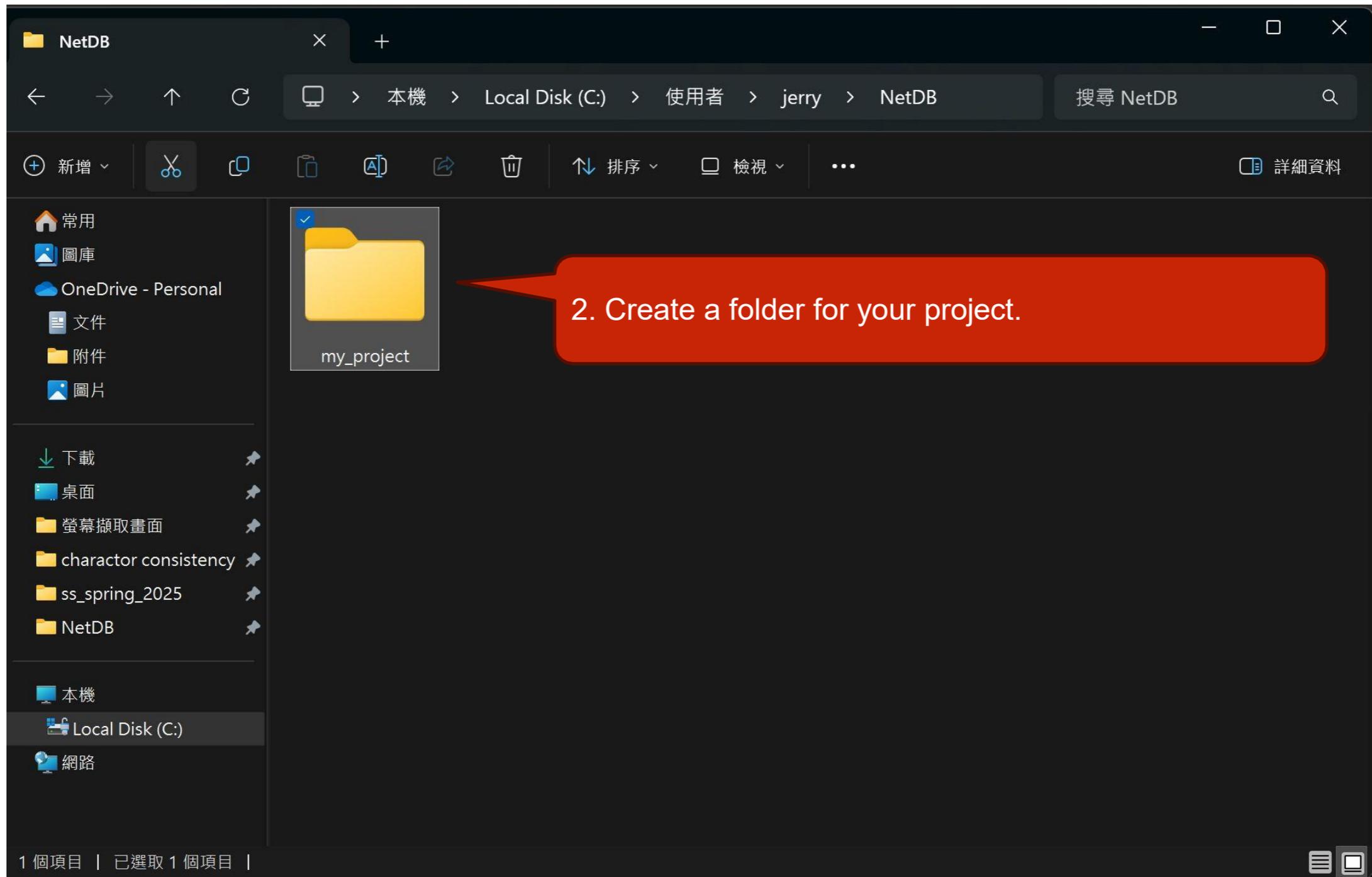
- **git init**
 - Initialize a repository at current directory.
- **git add [file_name] (* git add . * → means add all files)**
 - Add files to git repository and let git track them.
- **git commit -m "commit messages"**
 - Save the changes to the git repository and create snapshots of the files.
- **git checkout [version]**
 - Go to a specific version.

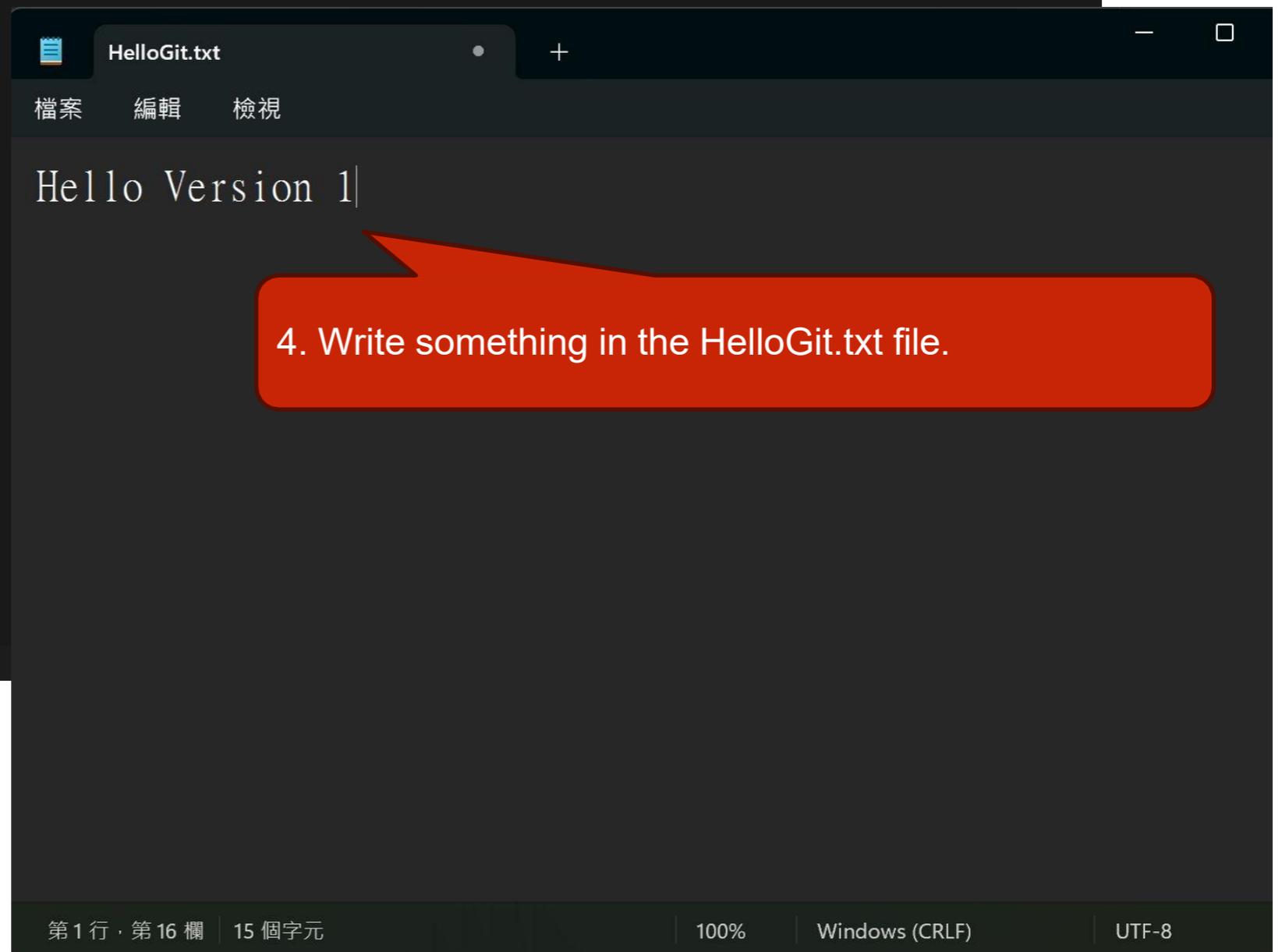
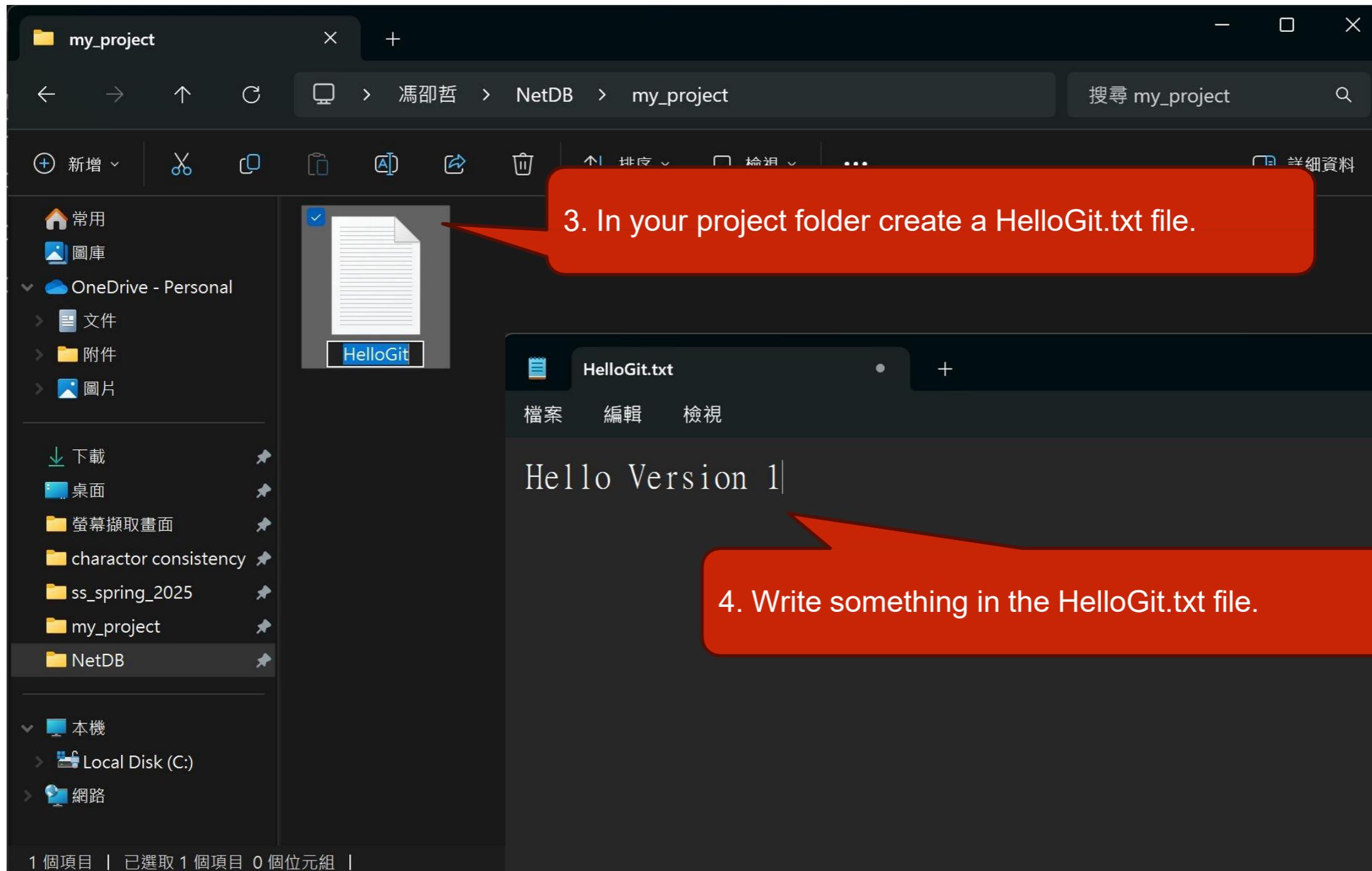
scenario

- Create a project repository and initialize Git, and track the *HelloGit.txt* file for version control.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。
C:\Users\jerry>cd NetDB
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB>
```

1. Navigate to the repository where you want to place the project.





```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。

C:\Users\jerry>cd NetDB
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB>cd my_project
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>dir
磁碟區 C 中的磁碟是 Local Disk
磁碟區序號： 8697-6595

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project 的目錄

2025/02/18 下午 07:48 <DIR> .
2025/02/18 下午 07:47 <DIR> ..
2025/02/18 下午 07:49 15 1helloGIT.txt.txt
1 個檔案 15 位元組
2 個目錄 190,638,534,656 位元組可用

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/je
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

5. Navigate to the project fold.

6. Use the "dir" command to list the contents of a folder. (if windows)

7. Use the "git init" command to initialize a Git repository.

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v

Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。

C:\Users\jerry>cd NetDB

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB>cd my_project

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>dir

磁碟區 C 中的磁碟是 Local Disk
磁碟區序號： 8697-6595

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project 的目錄

2025/02/18	下午 07:55	<DIR>	.
2025/02/18	下午 07:47	<DIR>	..
2025/02/18	下午 07:55		0 HelloGit.txt
	1 個檔案		0 位元組
	2 個目錄		190,626,844,672 位元組可用

8. Use the "git add" command to add HelloGit.txt to staging file.

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/jerry/NetDB/my_project/.git/

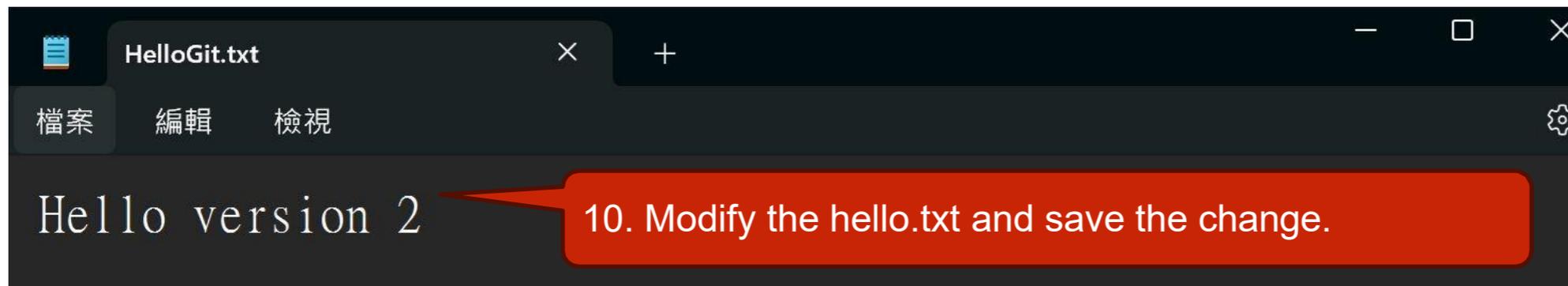
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "version 1"

[master (root-commit) 3c0e49e] version 1
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 HelloGit.txt

9. Use the "git commit -m" command to commit the change.

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>dir
磁碟區 C 中的磁碟是 Local Disk
磁碟區序號： 8697-6595

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project 的目錄

2025/02/18 下午 08:03 <DIR> .
2025/02/18 下午 08:03 <DIR> ..
2025/02/18 下午 08:04          15 HelloGit.txt
                1 個檔案          15 位元組
                2 個目錄 190,627,364,864 位元組可用

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/jerry/NetDB/my_project/.git/

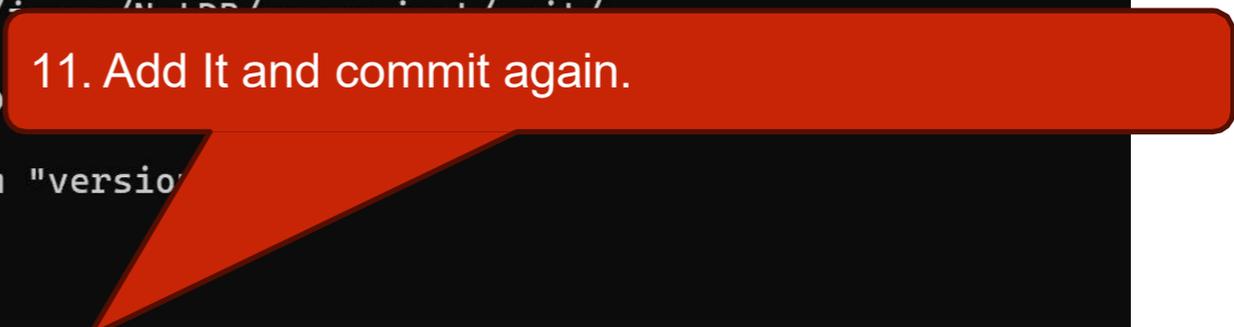
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "version 1"
[master (root-commit) 7135d48] version 1
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "version 2"
[master 7a9ac7f] version 2
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+), 1 deletion(-)

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```



第1行·第1欄

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/jerry/NetDB/my_project/.git/

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "version 1"
[master (root-commit) 7135d48] version 1
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 HelloGit.txt

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git
[master 7a9ac7f] version 2
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+), 1 deletion(-)

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 7a9ac7fd7121170f61cca5e69d29ec423f987911 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:05:49 2025 +0800

    version 2

commit 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:04:50 2025 +0800

    version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

10. Use the "git log" command to view your versions.

Head:
A reference to where you are currently working on.

Master:
The default branch in a Git repository, typically where the final, stable version of the project is maintained.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Switched to branch 'master'

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 7a9ac7fd7121170f61cca5e69d29ec423f987911 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:05:49 2025 +0800

    version 2

    Version ID

commit 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:04:50 2025 +0800

    version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b
Note: switching to '7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look around, make experimental
changes and commit them, and you can discard any commits you make in this
state without impacting any branches by performing another checkout.

If you want to create a new branch to safely experiment with a new
feature, go back to your original branch (e.g. "main" or "master") and
create a new branch for your feature using the following:

git switch -c <new-branch-name>
```

11. Go to specific version with the "git checkout" command and version ID

```
HelloGit.txt
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello Version 1|
```

12. Reopen the HelloGit.txt find yourself back to version 1 !

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
commit 7a9ac7fd7121170f61cca5e69d29ec423f987911 (master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:05:49 2025 +0800

    version 2

commit 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b (HEAD)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:04:50 2025 +0800

    version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout master
Previous HEAD position was 7135d48 version 1
Switched to branch 'master'

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 7a9ac7fd7121170f61cca5e69d29ec423f987911 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:05:49 2025 +0800

    version 2

commit 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:04:50 2025 +0800

    version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

13. Use the "git checkout master" command to go back to the final version of your project

14. Reopen the HelloGit.txt again. Back to the latest version.

```
HelloGit.txt x +
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello version 2
第 1 行 · 第 1 欄 15 個字元 100% Windows (CRLF)
```

LIFE IS
TOO SHORT
TO TYPE
THAT
VERSION ID,

which is 40 characters long...

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 7a9ac7fd7121170f61cca5e69d29ec423f987911 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:05:49 2025 +0800

    version 2

commit 7135d48a4ed19a2bb13a85408e1669ed8aa8340b
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 20:04:50 2025 +0800

    version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log --oneline
7a9ac7f (HEAD -> master) version 2
7135d48 version 1

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout 7135d48
Note: switching to '7135d48'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look at, make
changes and commit them, and you can discard any
state without impacting any branches by switching
back.

If you want to create a new branch to retain
do so (now or later) by using -c with the switch
command.

git switch -c <new-branch-name>
```

15. Use the "git log --oneline" command to get the shorter version ID.

16. Use shorter version ID to check specific version.

```
HelloGit.txt
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello Version 1|
```

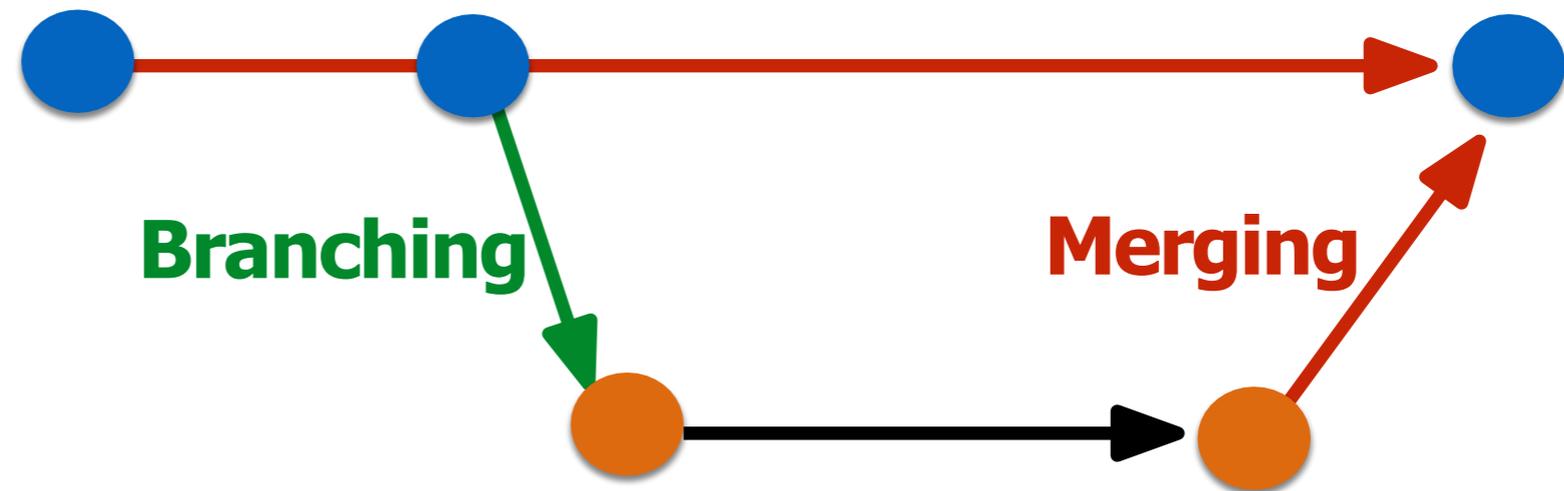
Outline

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- **Branch and merge**
- How to Submit Your Code to Gitlab
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Git Branch

Master

Develop



Git commands (1/2)

- Branching steps
 - Creating a new branch

```
git branch [branch name]
```

- Checking out the branch

```
git checkout [branch name]
```

Git commands (2/2)

- Merging steps
 - Checking out a branch to merge

```
git checkout [branch 1 name]
```

- Merging another branch

```
git merge [branch 2 name]
```

scenario

- Assume you are working on a new feature in a Git repository and want to create a separate branch work on it and then merge it back into master branch

-

The image shows a Windows file explorer window for a folder named 'my_project'. Inside, there is a '.git' folder and a 'file' document. A text editor window titled 'file.txt' shows the text 'Hello, this is master branch.' with a red box around it. A command prompt window shows the following commands and output:

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。
C:\Users\jerry>cd NetDB
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB>cd my_project
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 8a3db010cd8ae5f682d81ede54b1c647f5f44bb9 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 22:47:39 2025 +0800
Initial commit on master brach
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

Red callouts in the image provide additional context:

- 'Initial content in file.txt' points to the text in the text editor.
- 'Initial log of master branch' points to the output of the 'git log' command.

A red callout box at the bottom left contains the text: '1. Initially there is a file.txt in ~.\NetDB\my_project with git already initalized'.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.22631.4890]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。

C:\Users\jerry>cd NetDB

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB>cd my_project

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 8a3db010cd8ae5f682d81ede54b1c647f5f44bb9 (HEAD ->
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 22:47:39 2025 +0800

    Initial commit on master brach

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git branch feature-branch

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout feature-branch
Switched to branch 'feature-branch'

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

2. Create a new Branch using the “git branch [branch name]” command

3. Switch to the new branch using the “git checkout [branch name]” command

```
file.txt
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello, this is the master branch.
This is a new feature.
```

4. Make Changes in the feature branch

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800
Initial commit on master branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git branch feature-branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout feature-branch
Switched to branch 'feature-branch'
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add *
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "Added a new feature"
[feature-branch dfd304e] Added a new feature
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit dfd304ed1b565bf1c21f3c0a4e9f7cfd0b7a8ff8 (HEAD -> feature-branch)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:03:46 2025 +0800
Added a new feature
commit fb903f40d1c918951ca48ce41347c805ab203a21 (master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800
Initial commit on master branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

5. Add and commit the check in feature branch. (use "git add *" to stage all files in the current directory)

Since we already switch to feature branch. "git log" will show the log in feature branch

file.txt

檔案 編輯 檢視

Hello, this is the master branch.
This is a new feature.
This is a second feature.

6. Perform another change, repeat the previous steps, and observe the Git log.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800
Initial commit on master branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add *
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "Addend a second feature"
[feature-branch 22d4ba2] Addend a second feature
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-)
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit 22d4ba229447145c0565807a898433f7bf8cbb6e (HEAD -> feature-branch)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:09:08 2025 +0800
Addend a second feature
commit dfd304ed1b565bf1c21f3c0a4e9f7cfd0b7a8ff8
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:03:46 2025 +0800
Added a new feature
commit fb903f40d1c918951ca48ce41347c805ab203a21 (master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800
Initial commit on master branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout master
Switched to branch 'master'
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit fb903f40d1c918951ca48ce41347c805ab203a21 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800

    Initial commit on master branch
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

7. Switch Back to master branch

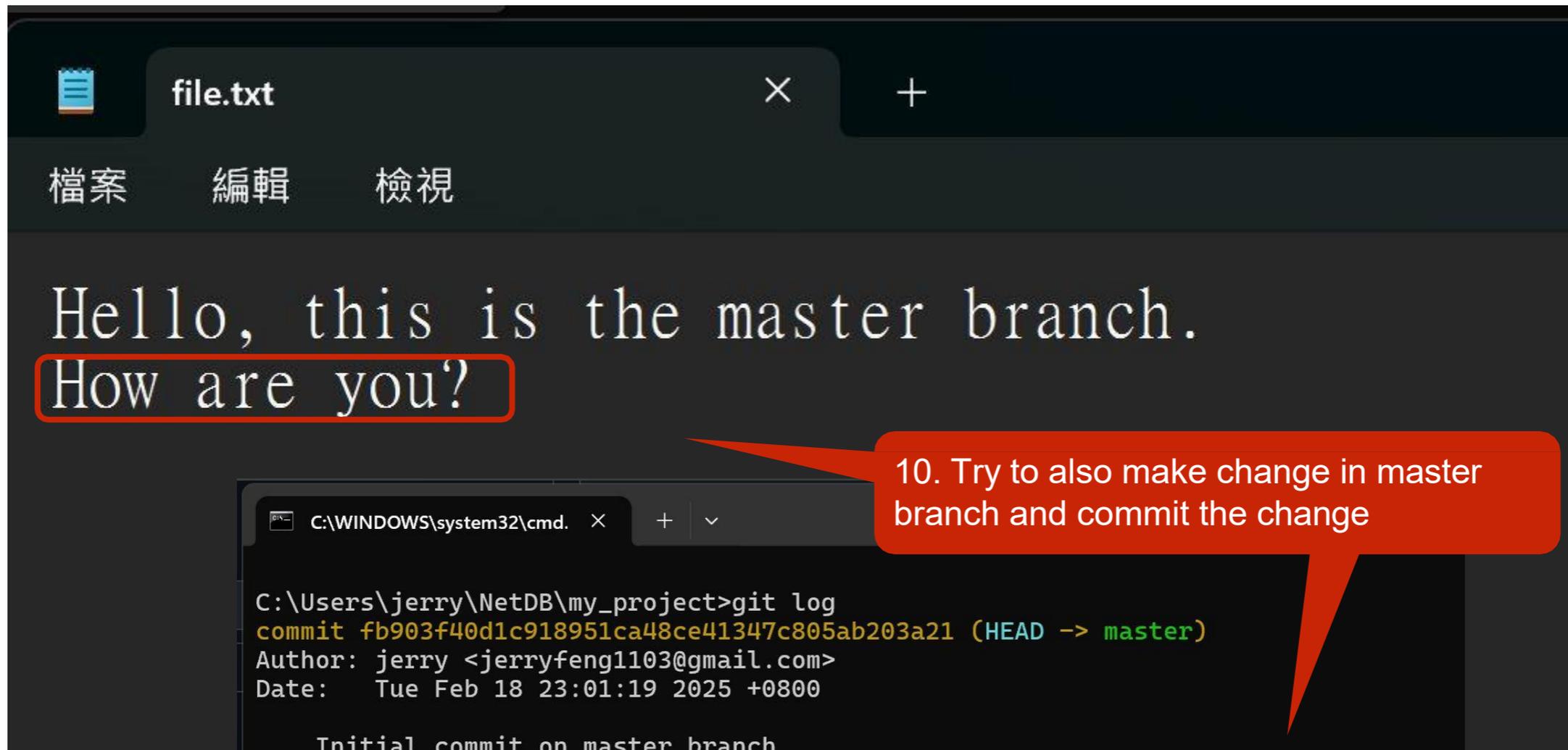
```
commit fb903f40d1c918951ca48ce41347c805ab203a21 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800

    Initial commit on master branch
```

8. The log remains unchanged in the master branch."

```
file.txt
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello, this is the master branch.
```

9. Reopen the file.txt and the content go back to initial



10. Try to also make change in master branch and commit the change

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log
commit fb903f40d1c918951ca48ce41347c805ab203a21 (HEAD -> master)
Author: jerry <jerryfeng1103@gmail.com>
Date: Tue Feb 18 23:01:19 2025 +0800

    Initial commit on master branch

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add *

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "add content to master branch"
[master e3363b1] add content to master branch
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. X + v
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log master --oneline
e3363b1 (HEAD -> master) add content to master branch
fb903f4 Initial commit on master branch

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git log feature-branch --oneline
22d4ba2 (feature-branch) Addend a second feature
dfd304e Added a new feature
fb903f4 Initial commit on master branch

C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

As observed in the log, a commit in one branch will not affect another branch.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git checkout master
Already on 'master'
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git merge feature-branch
Auto-merging file.txt
CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in file.txt
Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

11. Ensure to move back to master branch (or any target branch you want to merge with)

12. Use the “git merge [branch name]” to merge the branch

Note that there is a merge conflict

```
file.txt x +
檔案 編輯 檢視
Hello, this is the master branch.
<<<<<<< HEAD
How are you?
=====
This is a new feature.
This is a second feature.
>>>>>>> feature-branch
```

13. Reopen the file.txt file then you found that there is merge conflict mark
<<<<<<< HEAD:
Show the change from your target branch.
=====
Separator between the conflicting change
>>>>>>> feature-branch
The changes from the branch you are trying to merge with the target branch

file.txt

檔案 編輯 檢視

```
Hello, this is the master branch
How are you?
This is a new feature.
This is a second feature.
```

14. Decide which version to keep and edit the file to resolve a merge conflict and save the change. In this case I reserve all the version.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd. x + v
Already on 'master'
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git merge feature-branch
Auto-merging file.txt
CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in file.txt
Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git add *
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>git commit -m "Resolved merge conflict in file.txt"
[master 2aed399] Resolved merge conflict in file.txt
C:\Users\jerry\NetDB\my_project>
```

15. Add and commit again

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- Introduction to Git
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- Branch and merge
- **How to Submit Your Code to Gitlab**
- Tools & References

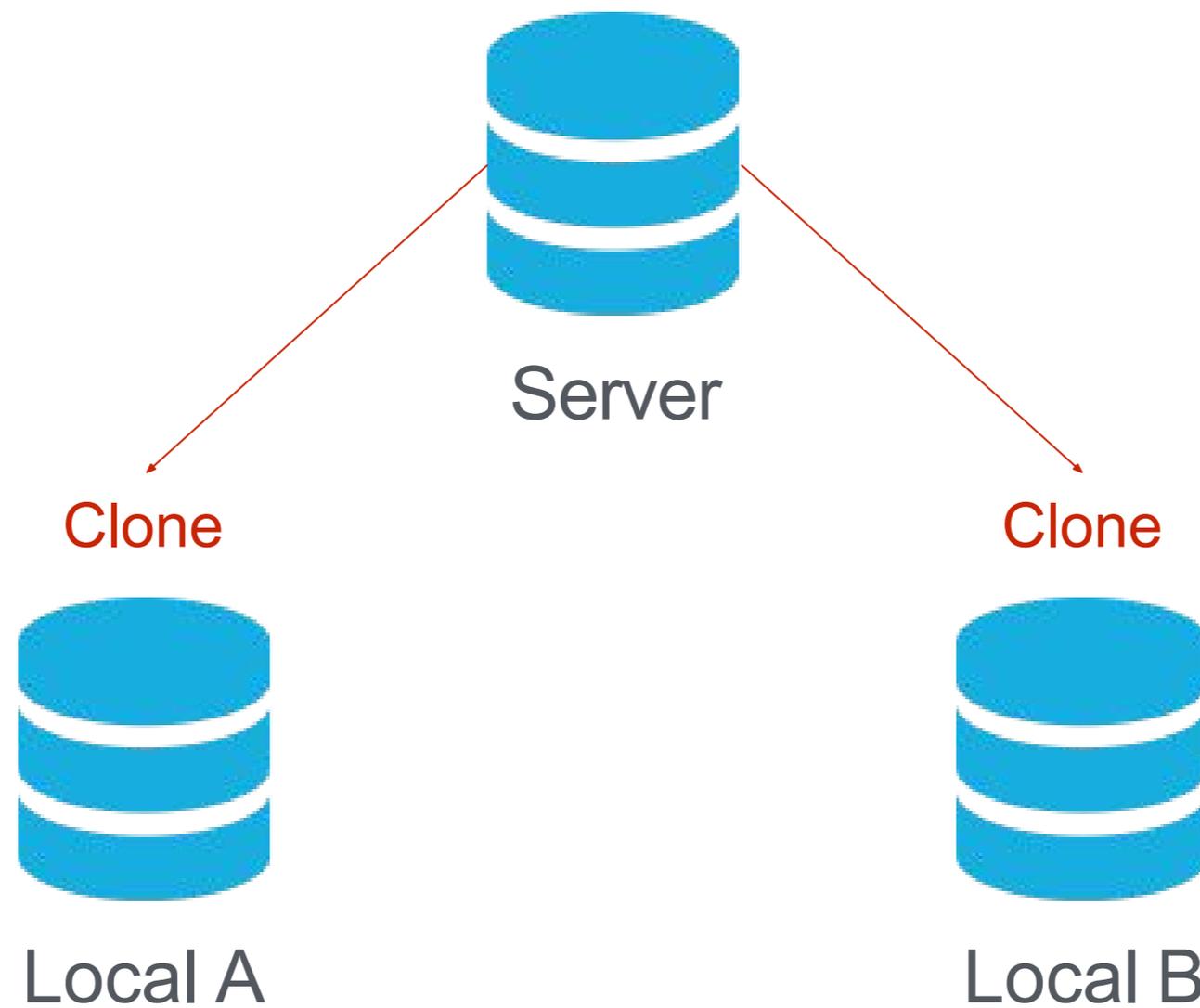
Collaboration

- To work with others using git, you'll need a server that store the repository.
- Git is distributed, which means
 - Everyone can store a copy of the repository downloaded from the server to their computer and do their jobs independently.

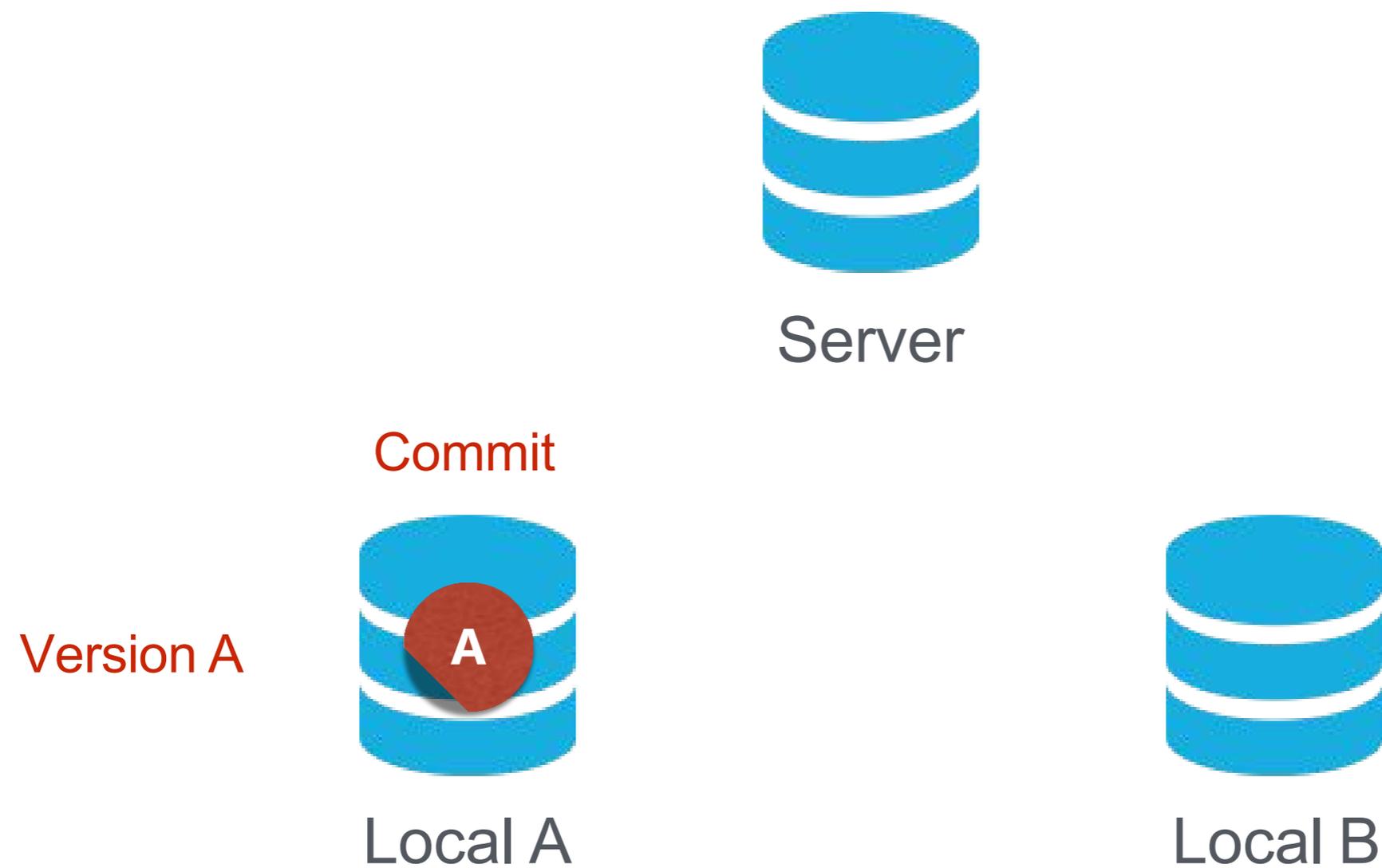
Collaboration Workflows (1/2)

1. If you don't have the project, *clone* (download) the repository from the server.
2. Do your work and commit the changes at local. Once done, *push* (upload) the repository to the server.
3. If someone else modified the project, you can *pull* (sync) the repository to get the updated project.
4. Repeat 2 and 3.

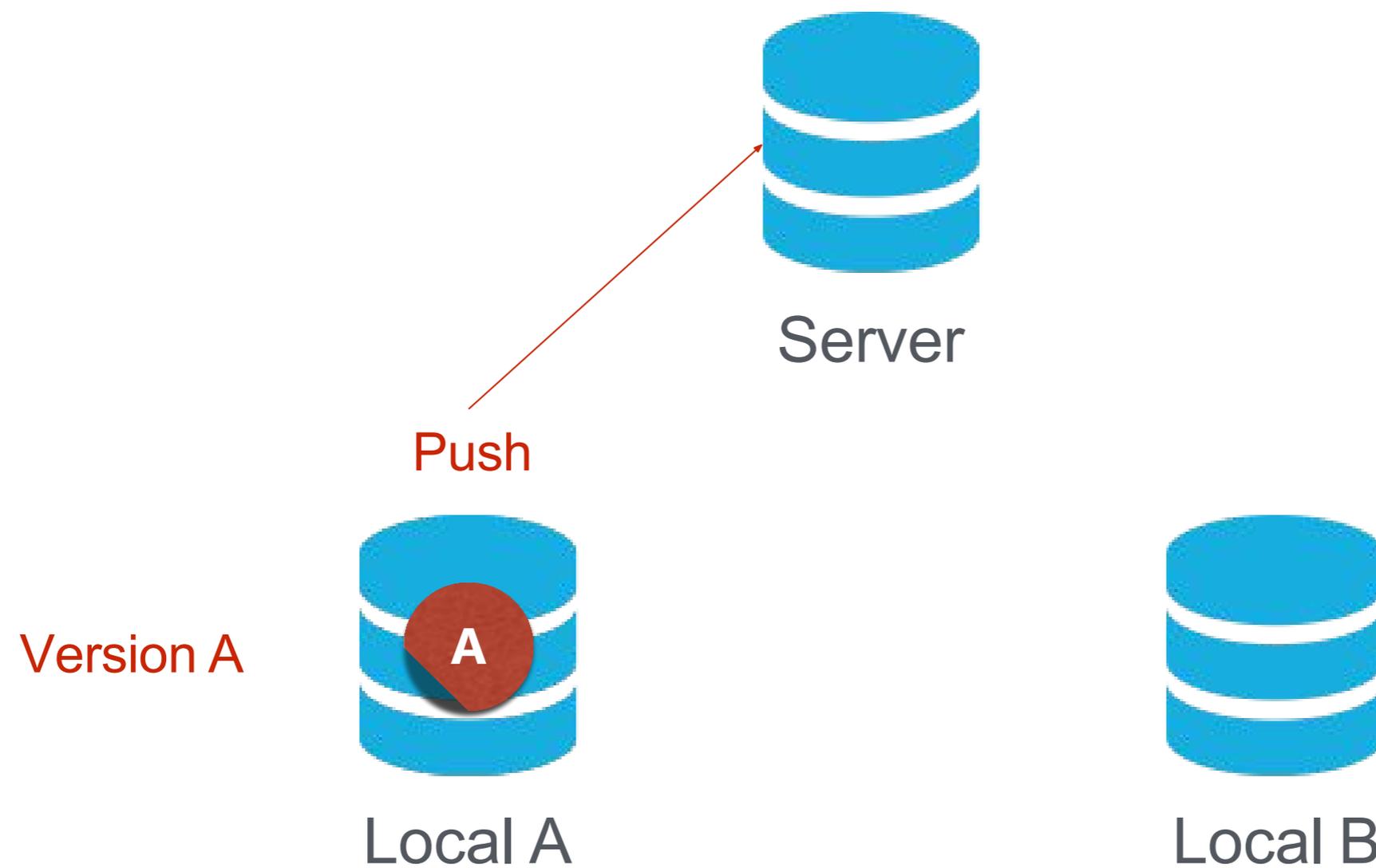
Collaboration Workflows (2/2)



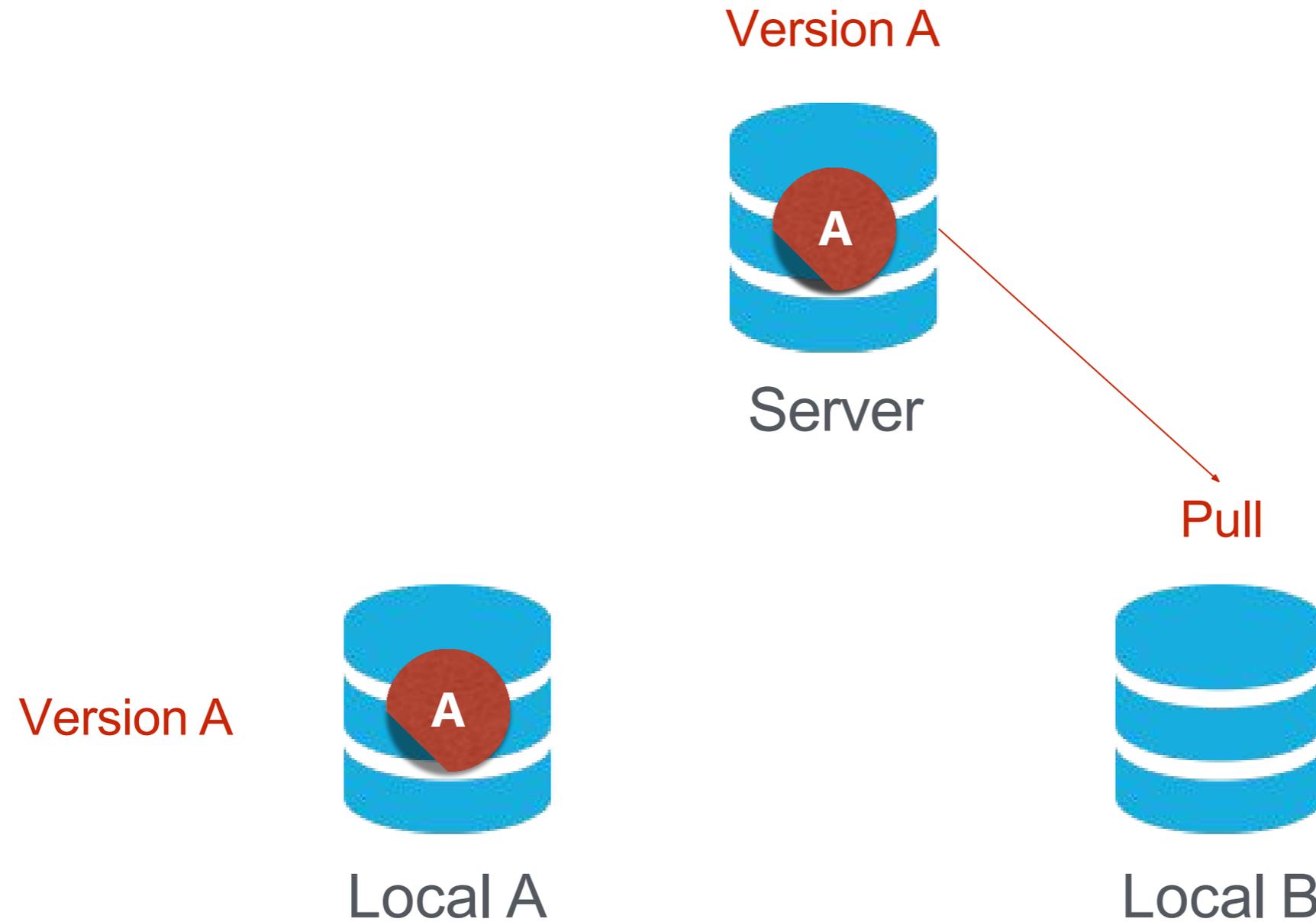
Collaboration Workflows (2/2)



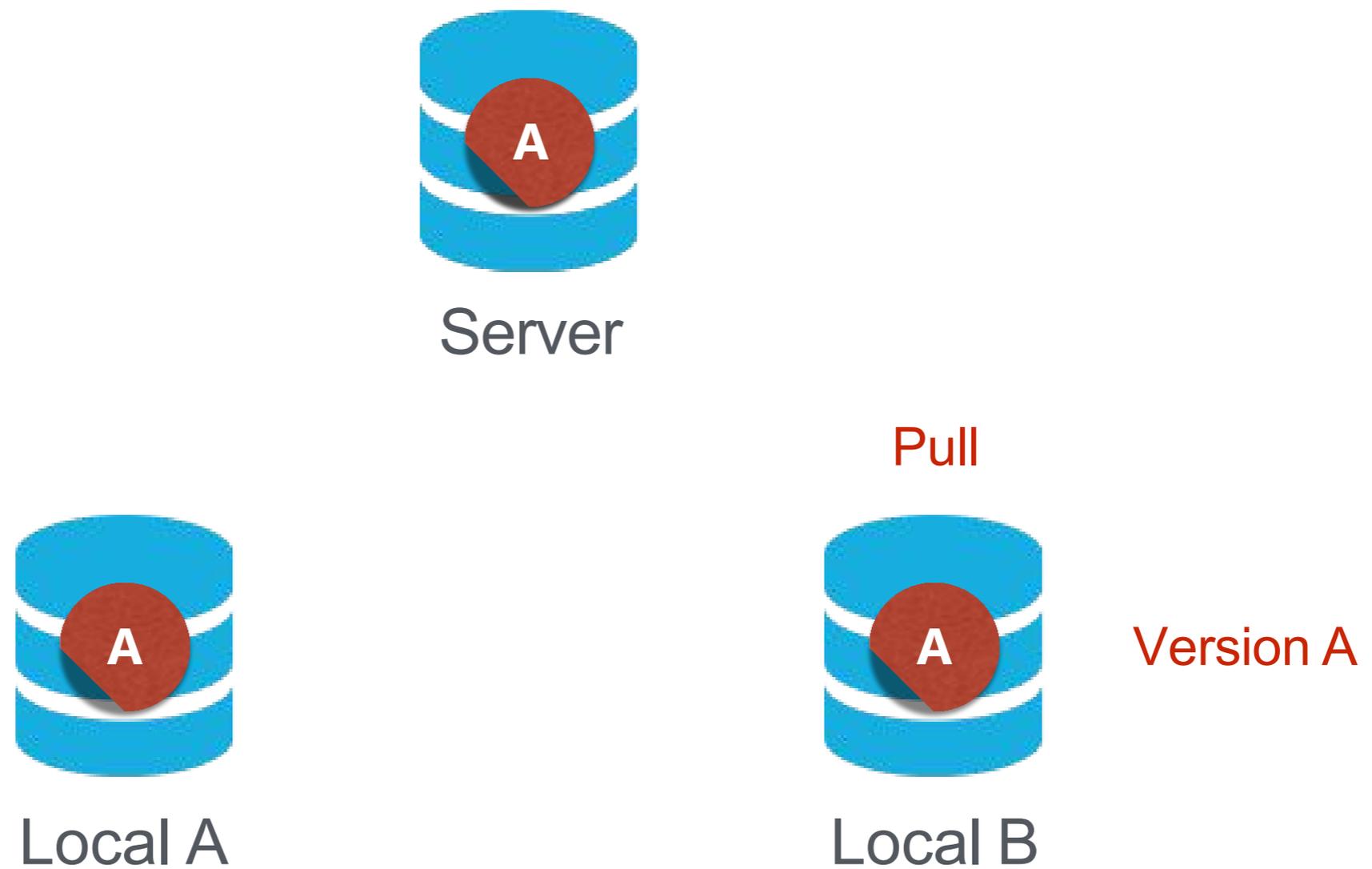
Collaboration Workflows (2/2)



Collaboration Workflows (2/2)

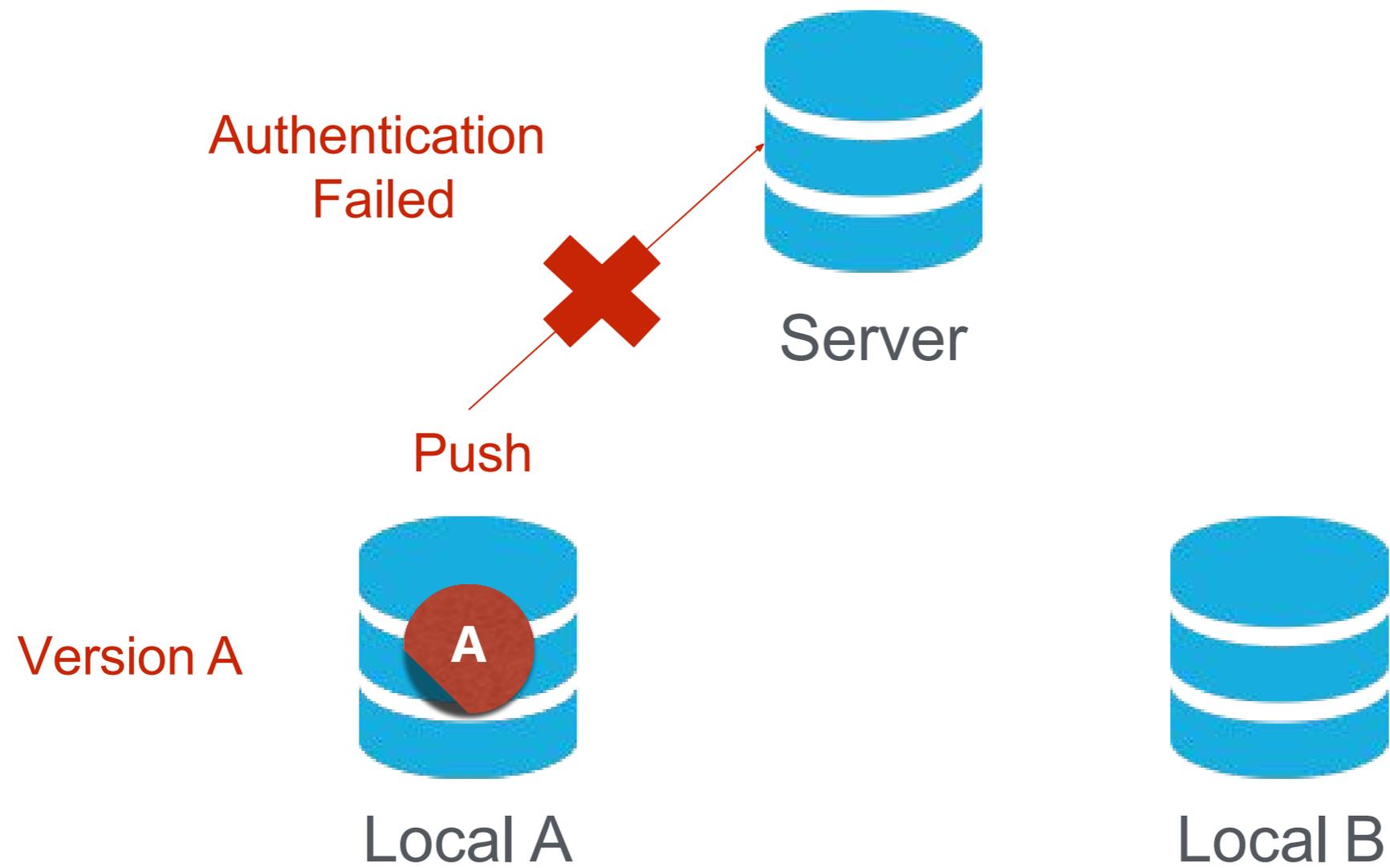


Collaboration Workflows (2/2)



Something went wrong.

Authentication Failed



Why Authentication Failed?

Collaboration Workflow

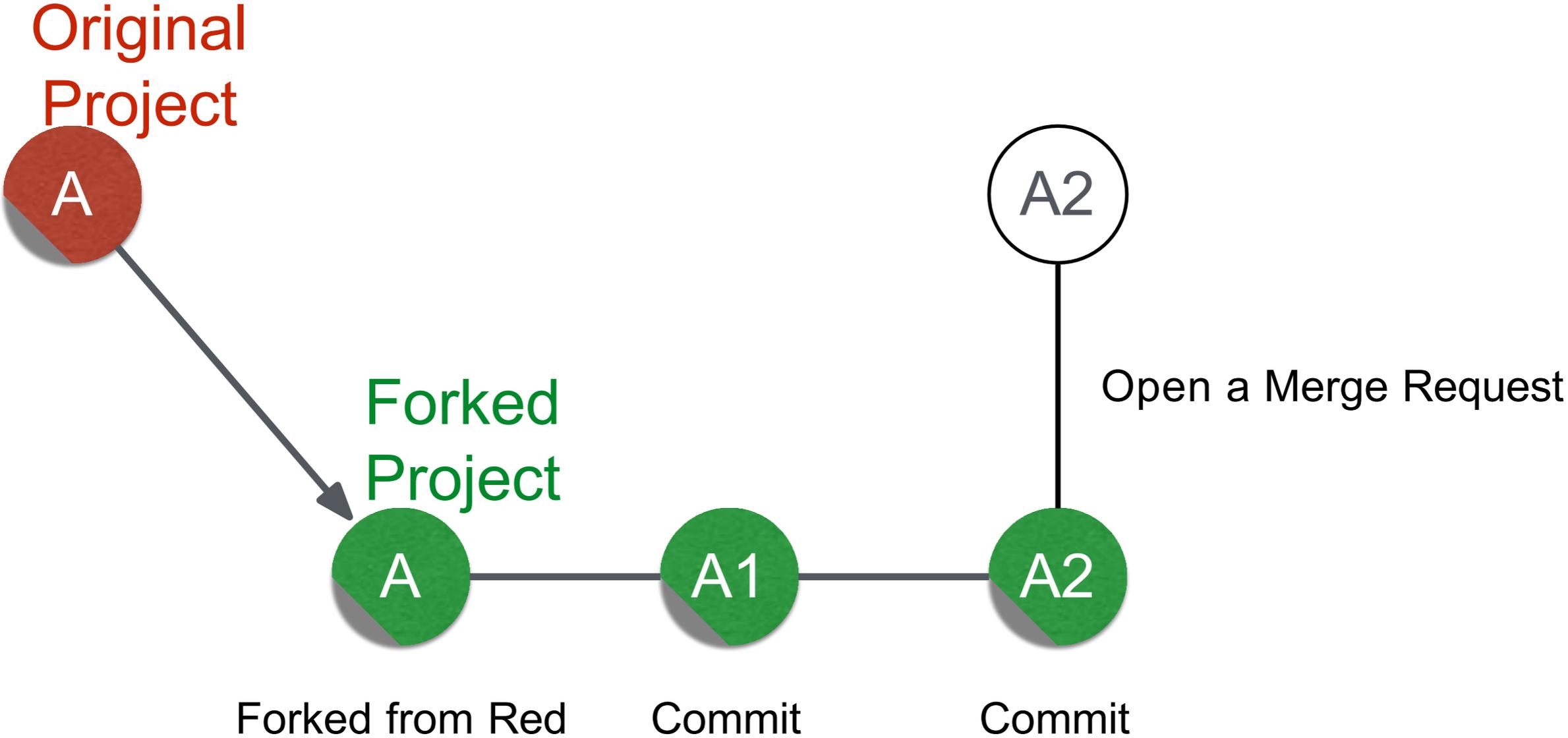
- If you tried to clone the code template from a server and want to **push** the modified file.
 - You will get authentication failed.
 - It's because it was a **project of others**, which means you are not able to save the changes back to the server.
- So, how can I copy a project from others on a open source platform like Github?

Introducing

Fork

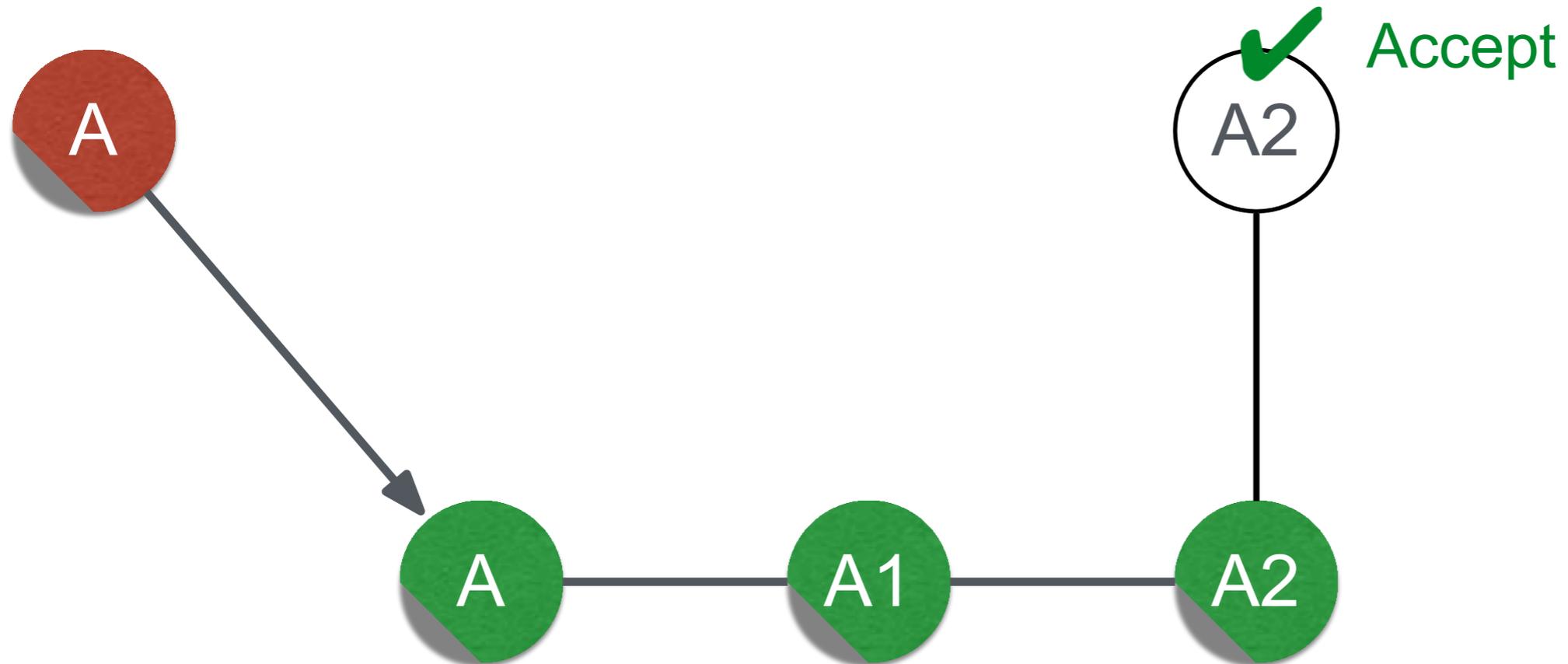


Author



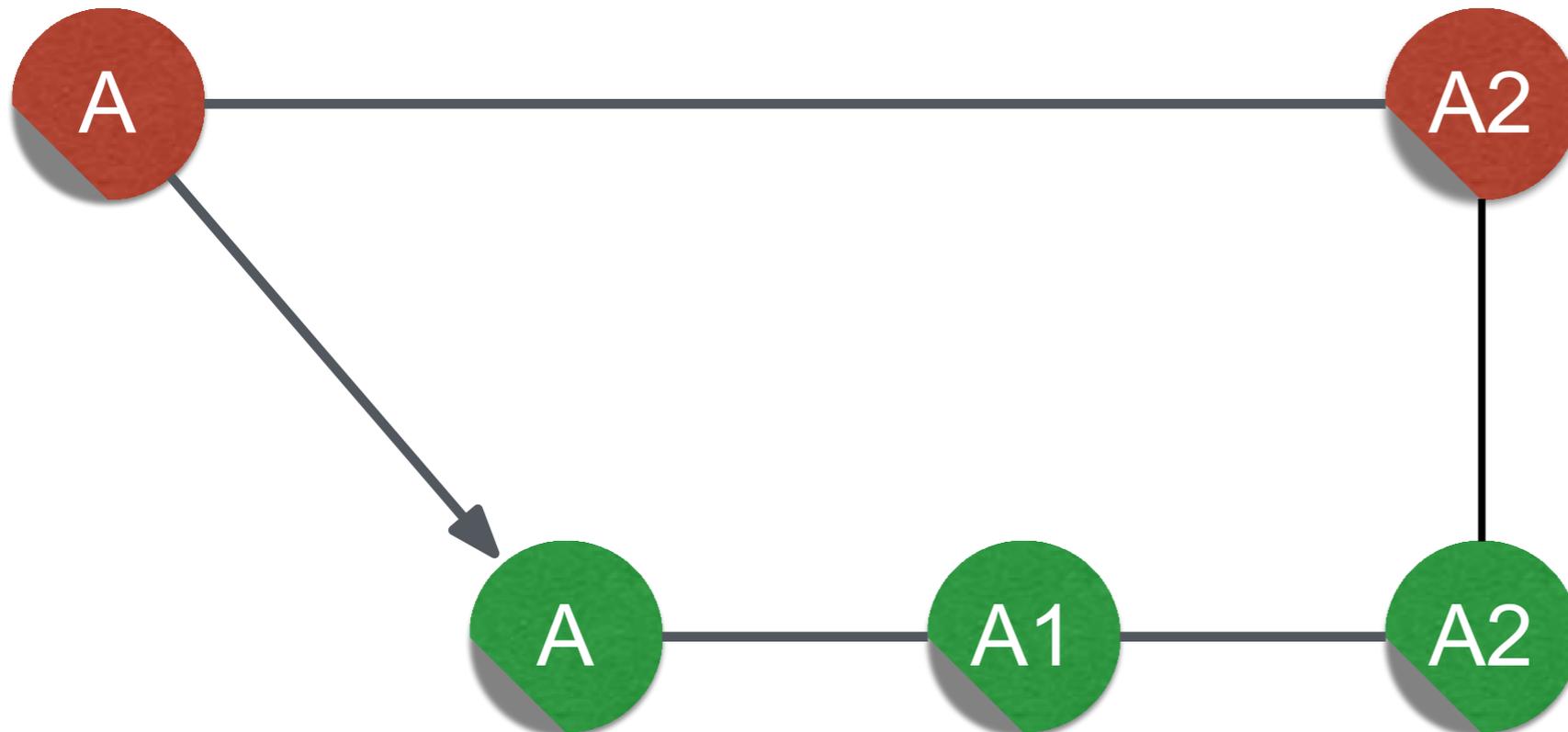
Editor

Author

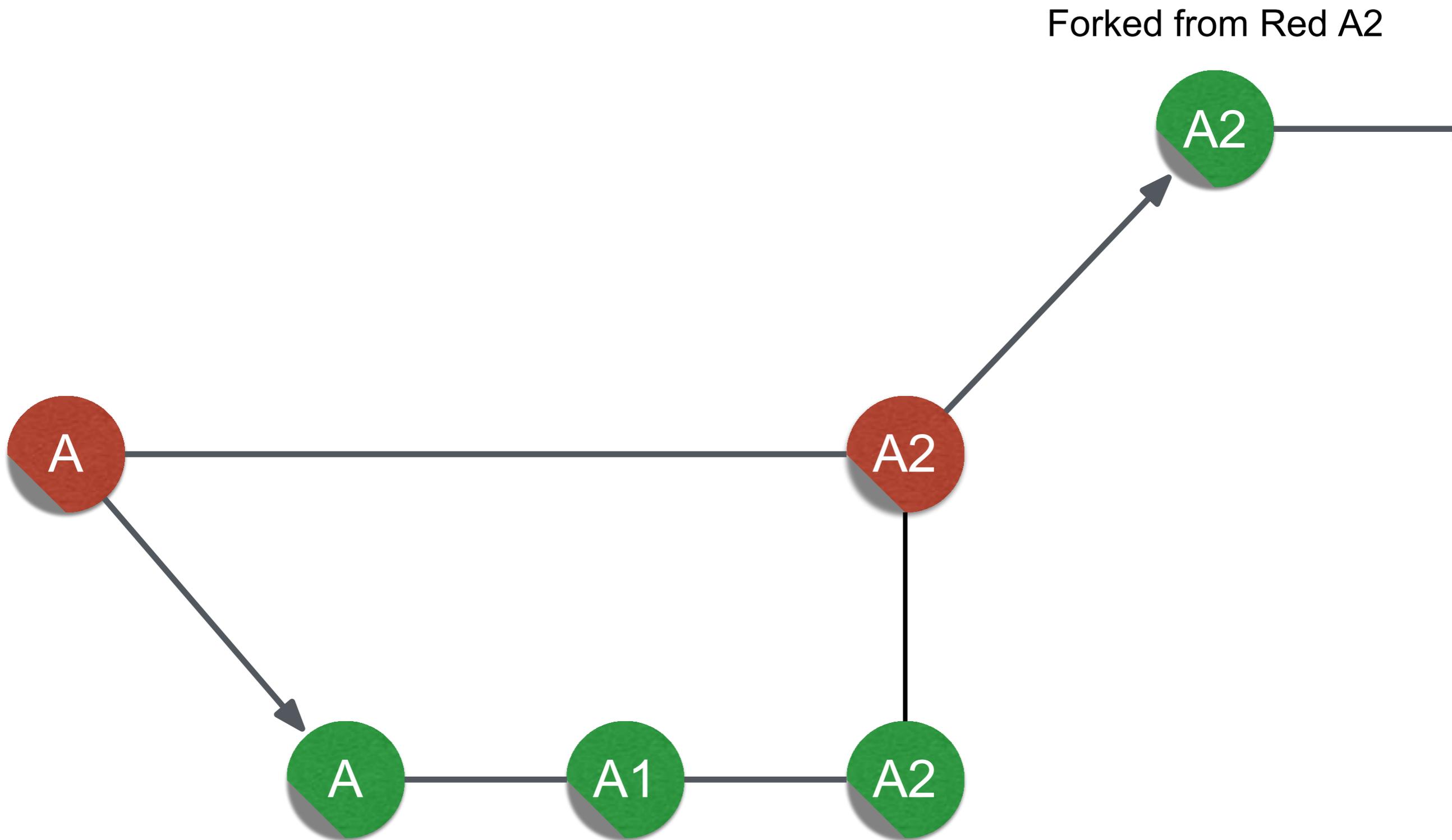


Editor

Author



Editor



Git Collaboration Workflow

1. *Fork* a repository to make a copy of it.
2. *Clone* the repository you forked to your workspace.
3. Do your work and *commit* the changes in your workspace.
4. *Push* the repository to the server to synchronize them.
5. Open a *merge request* to origin repository .

Basic Git Commands (2/2)

- **git clone [url]**
 - Clone a repository from remote server
- **git push [url] [branch-name]**
 - Push committed file to remote server

Outline

- General Rule
- Introduction to Git
 - Version control
 - Git Basics
 - Try Git!
 - Remote Repositories
- **How to Submit Your Code to Gitlab**
- Tools & References



Gitlab

- We have created account for you
- Account: Email (e.g. ssta2026@datalab.cs.nthu.edu.tw)
- Password: student ID (e.g. 114012345)

Gitlab

The screenshot shows the Gmail interface. At the top left, there is a menu icon, the Gmail logo, and the text "Gmail". Below this is a search bar with the text "搜尋郵件". To the left of the main content area is a sidebar with a "撰寫" (Compose) button and a list of folders: "收件匣" (Inbox) with a count of 9, "已加星號" (Starred), and "已延後" (Deferred). The main content area shows a list of emails. The first email is from "GitLab" with the subject "Access to the courses / software-studio / 2020-spring". The second email is also from "GitLab" with the subject "Confirmation instructions - Welcome, TA_ACCOUNT! T". Above the email list, there are several icons for actions like archive, delete, and refresh. To the right of the email list, there are notifications for "社交網路" (Social media) with "33 個新對話" (33 new conversations) and "Twitter", and "促銷內容" (Promotional content).

≡ Gmail

搜尋郵件

撰寫

收件匣 9

已加星號

已延後

主要

社交網路 33 個新對話
Twitter

促銷內容

☆ GitLab Access to the courses / software-studio / 2020-spring

☆ GitLab Confirmation instructions - Welcome, TA_ACCOUNT! T

Gitlab

Confirmation instructions 收件匣 ×



GitLab <gitlab@shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw>

下午8:11 (2分鐘前)



寄給我 ▾

英文 ▾ > 中文(繁體) ▾ [翻譯郵件](#)

[關閉下列語言的翻譯功能：英文 ×](#)



Welcome, TA_ACCOUNT!

To get started, click the link below to confirm your account.

[Confirm your account](#)



GitLab

You're receiving this email because of your account on shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw. [Manage all notifications](#) · [Help](#)

Gitlab



Your email address has been successfully confirmed. Please sign in.

DataLab

Welcome to GitLab for DataLab.

Sign in

Username or email

Password

Remember me [Forgot your password?](#)

Sign in

Email: your email
Password: studentID

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

You can access course projects in [this group](#)

courses >  > 2026 - spring

 **2026 - spring** 
Group ID: 6011 

Subgroups and projects Shared projects Archived projects



  submission-exercise   0 1 hour ago

 **submission-exercise** 
Project ID: 8735 

   Star 0  Fork 0

2 Commits  1 Branch  0 Tags  41 KB Files  41 KB Storage

master  submission-exercise /  

History Find file Web IDE   **Clone** 

 Update README.md
Shao-Che Feng authored 1 hour ago

19a597ef 

 Upload File  README  Auto DevOps enabled  Add LICENSE  Add CHANGELOG  Add CONTRIBUTING

 Configure Integrations

Name	Last commit	Last update
 README.md	Update README.md	1 hour ago

 README.md

Lab 1 - Practice Submission

This repository is built for practicing submissions for assignments and projects. You can follow the instructions below in order to know the whole workflow for submitting a lab or project.

Try it!

1. Fork this project.
2. Clone the **forked** project from Gitlab to your local environment.
3. Add a new file and write something.
4. Commit your work.
5. Push the repository to the server.

1. Click to fork



Fork project

A fork is a copy of a project.
Forking a repository allows you to make changes without affecting the original project.

Project name

submission-exercise

Project URL

https://shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw/

Select a namespace

Project slug

submission-exercise

Want to house several dependent projects?

2. Select your name

Project description (optional)

Visibility level [?](#)

Private

Project access must be granted explicitly to each user. If this project is part of a group, access will be granted to members of the group.

Internal

The project is visible to all users in the organization.

Public

The project can be accessed without any authentication.

3. Click Private

Fork project

Cancel

4. Click to fork

S submission-exercise

- Project information
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge requests 0
- Security & Compliance
- Deployments
- Monitor
- Infrastructure
- Packages & Registries
- Analytics
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings

Chen Yu-Hsuan > submission-exercise

5. Check if this repository is under your account

Project ID: 3798

3 Commits 99 Branches 0 Tags 102 KB Files 113 KB Storage

Forked from [courses / software-studio / 2023-spring / submission-exercise](#)

master

submission-exercise /

+ ▾

History

Find file

Web IDE

▾

Clone ▾



finish lab 1

Chen Yu-Hsuan authored 1 year ago

1654ad5c



Upload File

README

Auto DevOps enabled

Add LICENSE

Add CHANGELOG

Add CONTRIBUTING

Configure Integrations

Name

Last commit

Last update

README.md

finish lab 1

1 year ago

6. Go to settings

- S submission-exercise
- Project information
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge requests 0
- Security & Compliance
- Deployments
- Monitor
- Infrastructure
- Packages & Registries
- Analytics
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings
- General**
- Integrations
- Webhooks
- Access Tokens
- Repository
- Monitor
- Packages & Registries
- Usage Quotas

Max file size is 200 KB.

Save changes

Visibility, project features, permissions

Collapse

Choose visibility level, enable/disable project features and their permissions, disable email notifications, and show default award emoji.

7. Set project to private

Project visibility
Manage who can see the project in the public access directory. [Learn more.](#)

Private

The project is accessible only by members of the project. Access must be granted explicitly to each user.

Issues
Flexible tool to collaboratively develop ideas and plan work in this project. [Learn more.](#)

Only Project Members

Repository
View and edit files in this project.

Only Project Members

Merge requests
Submit changes to be merged upstream.

Only Project Members

Forks
Users can copy the repository to a new project.

Only Project Members

- S submission-exercise
- Project information
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge requests 0
- Security & Compliance
- Deployments
- Monitor
- Infrastructure
- Packages & Registries
- Analytics
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings
- General**
- Integrations
- Webhooks

Only Project Members

- Disable email notifications**
Override user notification preferences for all project members.
- Show default award emojis**
Always show thumbs-up and thumbs-down award emoji buttons on issues, merge requests, and snippets.
- Warn about high potential merge conflicts**
Warn about high potential merge conflicts. This feature is available in many languages, but can also be used in

8. Scroll down and save changes

Save changes

Merge requests Expand
Choose your merge method, merge options, merge checks, and merge suggestions.

Badges Expand
Customize this project's badges. [What are badges?](#)

Service Desk Expand

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

S **submission-exercise** 
Project ID: 6444 

   Star 0  Fork 0

0 Commits 1 Branch 0 Tags 20 KB Files 20 KB Storage

master submission-exercise / +

History Find file Web IDE  Clone

 **Initial commit**
Chen Yu-Hsuan authored 3 days ago

 Upload File  Auto DevOps enabled  Add README  Add LICENSE  Add  Configure Integrations

Name	Last commit
 README.md	Initial commit

 **README.md**

Lab 1 - Practice Submission

This repository is built for practicing submissions for assignments and projects. You can follow the instructions below in order to know the whole workflow for submitting a lab or project.

Try it!

1. Fork this project.
2. Clone the **forked** project from Gitlab to your local environment.
3. Add a new file and write something.
4. Commit your work.
5. Push the repository to the server.
6. Send a merge request of **your branch** to the origin repository.

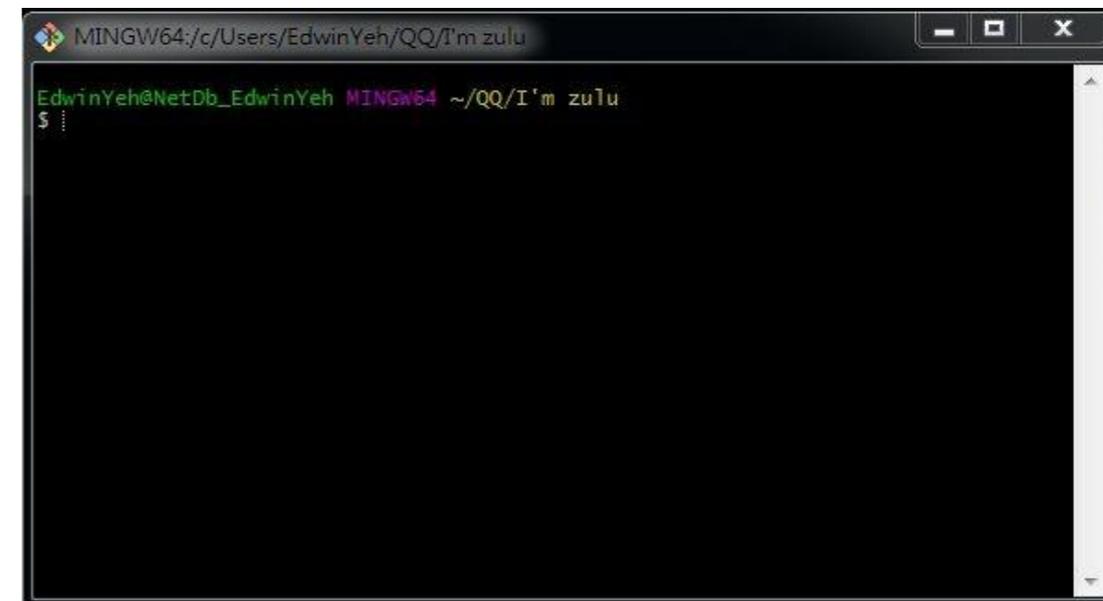
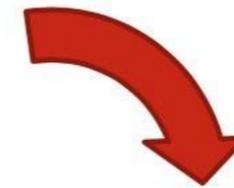
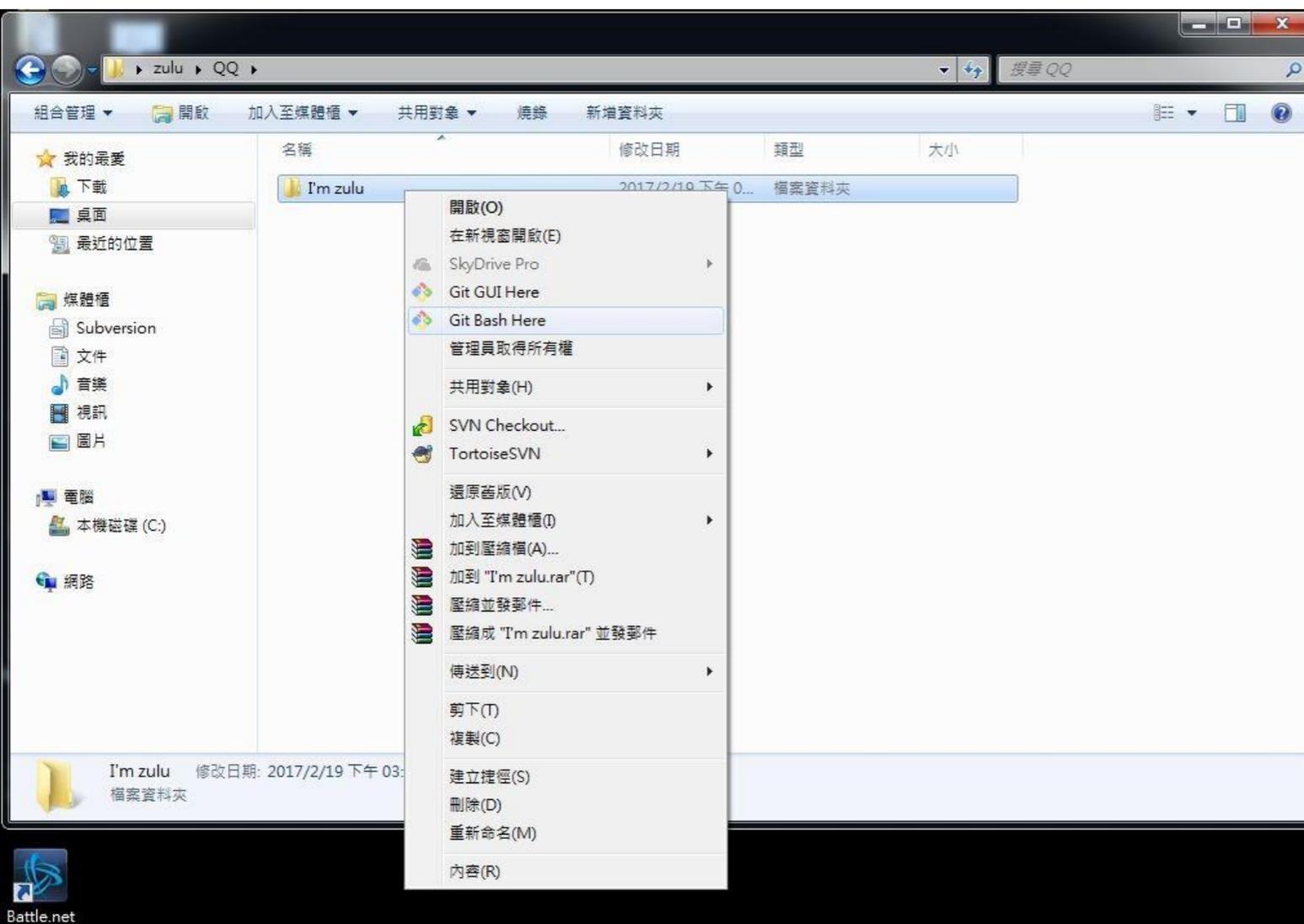
Clone with SSH
git@shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw:
Clone with HTTPS
https://shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw/cour 

Visual Studio Code (SSH)
Visual Studio Code (HTTPS)

1. Choose HTTPS

2. Copy the link

If You use Windows



3. Create a folder to put your repos

```
~/SS-Projects ➤ git clone https://shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw/ss-student/submission-exercise.git
Cloning into 'submission-exercise'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 3 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
~/SS-Projects ➤ ls
submission-exercise
~/SS-Projects ➤
```

4. Type "git clone {URL}"

5. The repo has been successfully cloned

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master vim lab1.js
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master git add -A
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master + git status
```

1. -A means all files

```
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)
```

2. Check if your file is added to git

```
new file: lab1.js
```

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master + git commit -m "Finish lab1"
[master c1acaf4] Finish lab1
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 lab1.js
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master
```

3. Commit your changes

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master vim lab1.html
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master git add -A
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master + git commit -m "Finish lab1"
```

```
[master 8a603d9] Finish lab1
Committer: Real Wei <realwei@Realweis-MBP.local>
Your name and email address were configured automatically based
on your username and hostname. Please check that they are accurate.
You can suppress this message by setting them explicitly:
```

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email you@example.com
```

After doing this, you may fix the identity used for this commit with

```
git commit --amend --reset-author
```

```
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 lab1.html
```

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master
```

If you see these message, type
git config --global user.name "{name}"
git config --global user.email "{email}"

{email} is the email you use on gitlab

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master git push -u origin master
```

```
Counting objects: 6, done.
```

```
Delta compression using up to 4 threads.
```

```
Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.
```

```
Writing objects: 100% (6/6), 497 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.
```

```
Total 6 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0)
```

```
To https://shwu10.cs.nthu.edu.tw/ss-student/submission-exercise.git
```

```
b1e0571..8a603d9 master -> master
```

```
Branch master set up to track remote branch master from origin.
```

```
~/SS-Projects/submission-exercise master
```

Type "git push -u origin master"

Workflow

- For each lab, you should follow the workflow below
 1. Fork our template repository on Gitlab
 2. Clone the **forked** repository to your computer
 3. Finish your lab
 4. Commit in your computer
 5. Push to Gitlab
 6. Send merge request of **your branch** to our template repository

- S submission-exercise
- Project information
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge requests 0
- Security & Compliance
- Deployments
- Monitor
- Infrastructure
- Packages & Registries
- Analytics
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings

Chen Yu-Hsuan > submission-exercise

S submission-exercise

Project ID: 3798

Star 0 Fork 0

1. Click Merge Requests

KB Files 113 KB Storage

Forked from [courses / software-studio / 2023-spring / submission-exercise](#)

master submission-exercise / +

History Find file Web IDE Clone

finish lab 1 1654ad5c

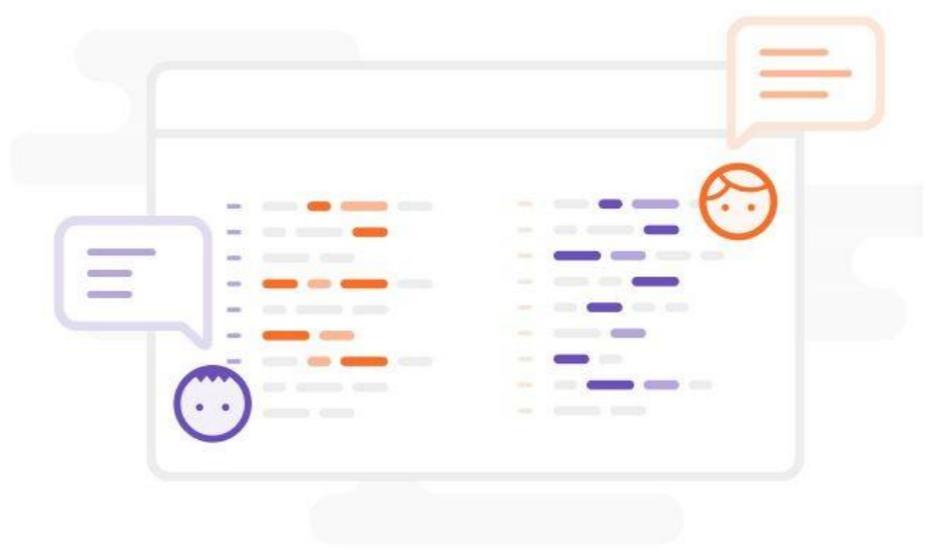
Chen Yu-Hsuan authored 1 year ago

Upload File
 README
 Auto DevOps enabled
 Add LICENSE
 Add CHANGELOG
 Add CONTRIBUTING

Configure Integrations

Name	Last commit	Last update
README.md	finish lab 1	1 year ago

- S submission-exercise
- Project
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge Requests 0
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings



Merge requests are a place to propose changes you've made to a project and discuss those changes with others

Interested parties can even contribute by pushing commits if they want to.

New merge request

New merge request

2. New merge request

GitLab Menu

Chen Yu-Hsuan > submission

New merge request

Source branch

yhch/submission-exercise-2 master

Initial commit
Chen Yu-Hsuan authored 3 days ago 21779350

Target branch

courses/software-studio/2025-ss/subm... master

Select target branch

00000000

No matching results

Compare branches and continue

3. Choose the branch you pushed in your repo

Ensure that the commit in the version record of the selected branch matches the commit name of the final version you have in mind.

The screenshot shows the GitLab interface for creating a new merge request. The 'Source branch' is set to 'yhch/submission-exercise-2' and the 'Target branch' is set to 'courses/software-studio/2025-ss/subm...'. A red box highlights the 'Target branch' dropdown. A red callout box with the text '4. Choose the branch named after your ID' points to a 'Select target branch' dialog box. This dialog box has a search input field containing '00000000' and shows 'No matching results'. Below the dialog box, a red text overlay reads: 'Ensure that the source of the selected branch is the class folder (courses/software-studio/2026-spring/submission-exercise) and your student ID (not master or someone else's student ID)'.

4. Choose the branch named after your ID

Ensure that the source of the selected branch is the class folder (courses/software-studio/2026-spring/submission-exercise) and your student ID (not master or someone else's student ID).

- submission-exercise-2
- Project information
- Repository
- Issues 0
- Merge requests 0
- Security & Compliance
- Deployments
- Monitor
- Infrastructure
- Packages & Registries
- Analytics
- Wiki
- Snippets
- Settings

Chen Yu-Hsuan > submission-exercise-2 > Merge requests > New

New merge request

Source branch

yhch/submission-exercise-2 master

 **Initial commit**
Chen Yu-Hsuan authored 3 days ago

21779350 

Compare branches and continue

Target branch

courses/software-studio/2025-ss/subm... master

Select target branch

00000000

No matching results

5. Compare branches

You can also confirm or change whether the selected branch is correct in this section. For instance, in the picture, the course branch selected is master, which is incorrect. The correct one should be `courses/software-studio/2026-spring/submission-exercise: {your student ID}`.

Chen Yu-Hsuan > submission-exercise-2 > Merge requests > New

New merge request

From `yhch/submission-exercise-2:master` into `Courses/software-studio/2026-spring/submission-exercise: {ID}`

6. Set title to "{ID} Submission"

Title

Start the title with `Draft:` to prevent a merge request draft from merging before it's ready.
Add [description templates](#) to help your contributors to communicate effectively!

Description

Write **Preview** **B** **I** **≡** **</>** **🔗** **☰** **☰** **☰** **📎** **📄** **↗**

Describe the goal of the changes and what reviewers should be aware of.

Markdown and quick actions are supported [Attach a file](#)

Description

Write Preview



Describe the goal of the changes and what reviewers should be aware of.

Markdown and quick actions are supported

Attach a file

Assignee

Unassigned

[Assign to me](#)

Reviewer

Unassigned

Milestone

Milestone

Labels

Labels

Merge options

Squash commits when merge request is accepted. [?](#)

Contribution

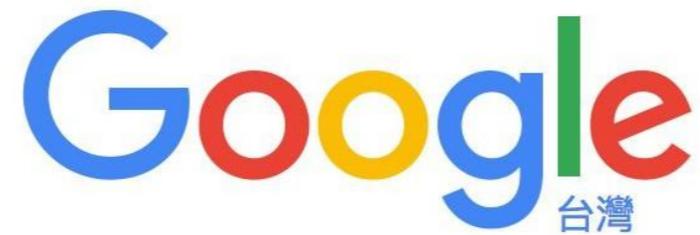
Allow commits from members who can merge to the target branch. [About this feature](#)

Not available for private projects

Create merge request

7. If everything is OK,
submit your merge request

Notice - Don't do this

Google 搜尋

好手氣

Notice - Don't do this



Google

gitlab

全部 圖片 影片 新聞 書籍 更多 設定 工具

約有 8,300,000 項結果 (搜尋時間：0.45 秒)

GitLab
<https://gitlab.com/> ▾ 翻譯這個網頁
這項網站搜尋結果說明因為網站的 robots.txt 而無法提供瞭解詳情

GitLab.com | GitLab
<https://about.gitlab.com/gitlab-com/> ▾ 翻譯這個網頁
GitLab.com. unlimited free repositories and collaborators. Sign Up. Free public & private repositories and unlimited collaborators. Runs GitLab Enterprise Edition ...

GitLab介紹— Practical guide for git users 0.1 文档
git-tutorial.readthedocs.io/zh/latest/gitlab.html ▾
GitLab介紹¶. 目前最流行的線上Git專案管理系統可以說是非GitHub 莫屬，對於一般OpenSource的專案選擇使用GitHub做為線上Git專案管理系統即可，也免收任何 ...

GitHub - gitlabhq/gitlabhq: GitLab CE | Please open new issues in our ...
<https://github.com/gitlabhq/gitlabhq> ▾ 翻譯這個網頁
README.md. GitLab. Build status CE coverage report Code Climate Core Infrastructure Initiative Best Practices. Canonical source. The canonical source of ...

Gitlab - 維基百科，自由的百科全書 - Wikipedia
<https://zh.wikipedia.org/zh-tw/Gitlab> ▾
GitLab是一個利用Ruby on Rails開發的開源應用程式，實現一個自代管的Git專案倉庫，可通過Web介面進行存取公開的或者私人專案。它擁有與GitHub類似的功能， ...

Notice - Don't do this



GitLab.com

GitLab.com offers free unlimited (private) repositories and unlimited collaborators.

- [Explore projects on GitLab.com](#) (no login needed)
- [More information about GitLab.com](#)
- [GitLab.com Support Forum](#)

By signing up for and by signing in to this service you accept our:

- [Privacy policy](#)
- [GitLab.com Terms.](#)

Sign in	Register
Username or email	
<input type="text"/>	
Password	
<input type="password"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remember me	Forgot your password?
<input type="button" value="Sign in"/>	

Didn't receive a confirmation email? [Request a new one.](#)

Sign in with    

The GitLab setup in our laboratory is accessible through the link.

Shan-Hung Wu Description Announcement Curriculum ▾ Resources

Resources

Here are some course materials and resources related to this course. For code and its details (such as assigned reading, project links, quiz, etc.) please refer to the GitLab. For online forum please refer to the iLMS system.



Here!!!!!!

Outline

- General Rule
- Introduction to Git
- Version control
- Branch and merge
- How to Submit Your Code to Gitlab
- **Tools & References**

Tools

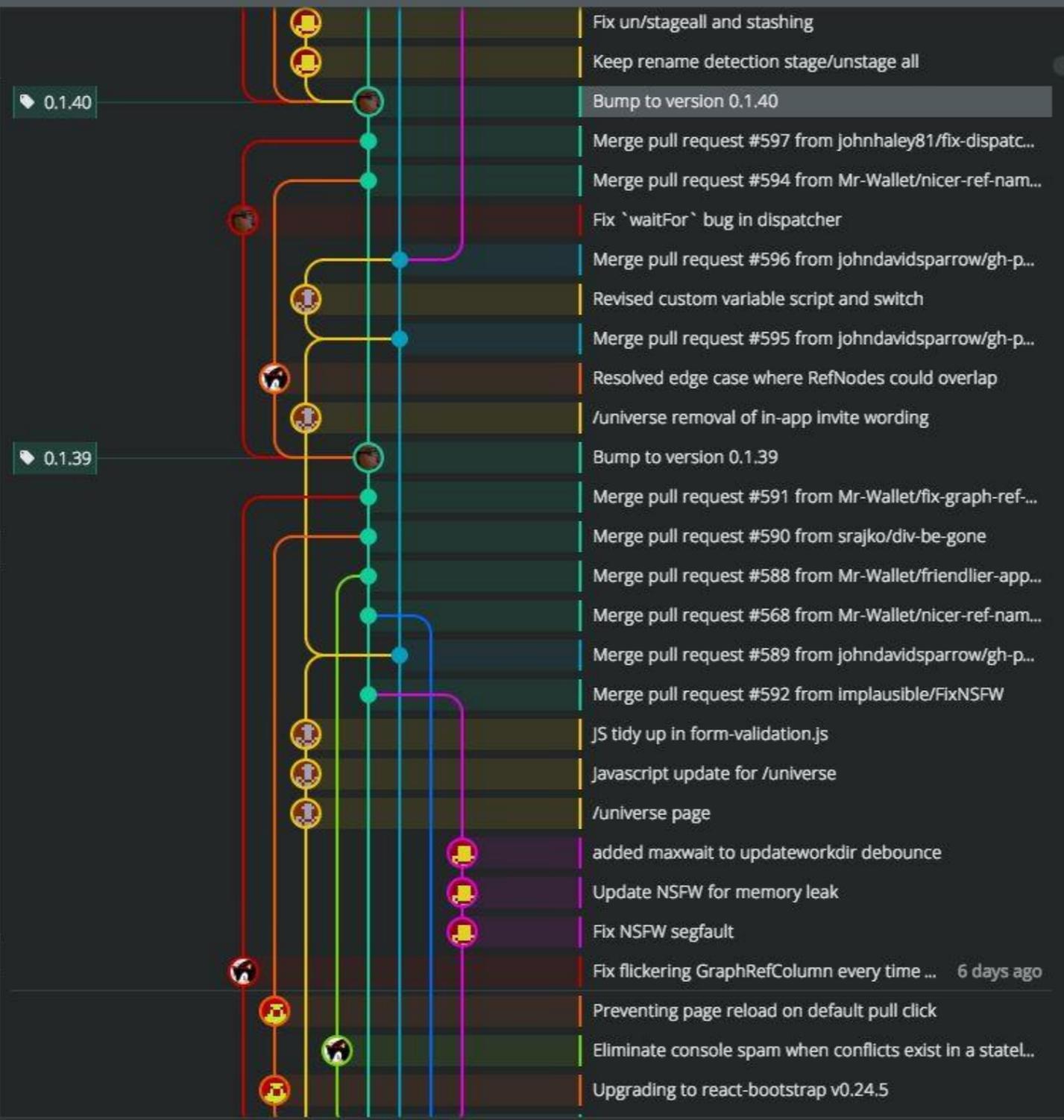
- Git GUI
 - GitKraken
- Editor / IDE
 - Visual Studio Code
 - Atom
 - Sublime Text
 - Brackets
 - Notepad++
 - Webstorm



axosoft

GitKraken

- Viewing 112/151 Show All
- LOCAL (7/11)
- fancier-refbar-changes
 - fancy-responsive-refbar-it... 42 ↗ 99+
 - graph-color-test
 - hopscotch 24 ↗ 99+
 - init-repo-gitignore-typeahead
 - invite-system 6 ↗ 99+
 - jars-view-file-history
 - master 5 ↘
 - remote-panel-redesign 15 ↗ 13+
 - settings-theme-styling
 - view-file-history 24 ↗ 99+
- REMOTE (6/41)
- Jeff-Schinella (0/1)
 - Jordan-Wallet (0/7)
 - Justin-GK (0/1)
 - Ken-Price (0/2)
 - Kyle-Smith (2/8)
 - Max-Korp (0/2)
 - Sjegan-Rajko (0/8)
 - ayresa (0/3)
 - cbargren (0/5)
 - origin (4/4)
- TAGS (99/99)



Commit details for the selected commit:

- Commit:** cca151e6b9e32c3f9209c25131706740050
- Parent:** 8efe30a11761983173f844900fa5ec5c6be2
- Author:** John Haley <johnh@axosoft.com>
- Author Date:** September 30th 2015, 2:54 pm

Bump to version 0.1.40

0 added 0 deleted 2 modified

```

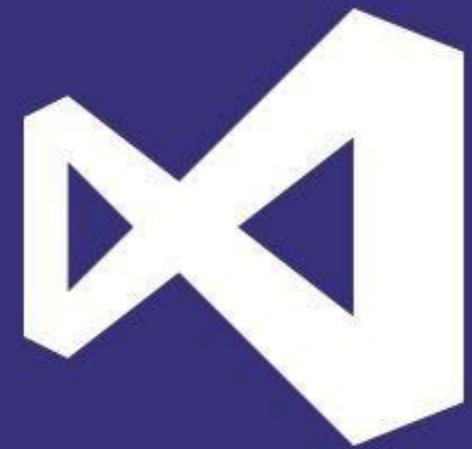
npm-shrinkwrap.json
@@ -1,6 +1,6 @@
1 1 {
2 2   "name": "gitkraken",
-3 3   "version": "0.1.39",
+3 4   "version": "0.1.40",
4 4   "dependencies": {
5 5     "atom-keymap": {
6 6       "version": "5.1.11",

```

```

package.json
@@ -1,7 +1,7 @@
1 1 {
2 2   "name": "gitkraken",
3 3   "productName": "GitKraken",
-4 4   "version": "0.1.39",
+4 5   "version": "0.1.40",
5 5   "description": "An intuitive git cli
6 6   "main": "./src/appBootstrap/main.js"
7 7

```



VS Code



EXPLORE

WORKING FILES

03.jpg img

TBL-STYLES

css

img

js

- hoverIntent.js
- jquery.dropdown.js
- jquery.more.js
- jquery.more.min.js
- jquery.plugin.js
- jquery.plugin.min.js
- mapper.js
- maputil.js
- navigation.js**
- smoothscroll.js
- tabs.js

navigation.js js

```
1 var scriptbase = _spPageContextInfo.webServerRelativeUrl + "/_layouts/15/";
2
3 $(document).ready(function () {
4     $.getScript(scriptbase + "SP.Runtime.js", function () {
5         $.getScript(scriptbase + "SP.js", function () {
6             $.getScript(scriptbase + "SP.Taxonomy.js", function () {
7                 context = SP.ClientContext.get_current();
8                 //Call your code here.
9                 console.log("Navigation - ready to rock.");
10
11                 // Get default termstore
12
13                 session = SP.Taxonomy.TaxonomySession.getTaxonomySession(context);
14                 termStore = session.getDefaultSiteCollectionTermStore();
15                 context.load(session);
16                 context.load(termStore);
17                 context.executeQueryAsync(
18                     function () {
19                         console.log('Got default term store');
20                     },
21                     function(sender, args) {
22                         console.log('Could not get default term store. ' + args.get_message());
23                     }
24                 );
25
26
27             });
28         });
29     });
30 });
31
32 var topnavbar;
33
34 topnavbar += '<div class="tbl-site-navigation">';
35 topnavbar += '<ul class="dropdown">';
36 topnavbar += '<li class=""><a href="#">The Brand Code - a</a></li>';
37 topnavbar += '<li class="dropdown1">';
38 topnavbar += '<ul class="sub_menu" style="visibility: hidden;">';
39 topnavbar += '<li class="large">';
40 topnavbar += '<div class="dropdownbox">';
41 topnavbar += '<div class="dropdownbox-title">Welcome to the Brand Code</div>';
42 topnavbar += '<ol>';
43 topnavbar += '<li><a href="">The importance of Brand Building</a></li>';
44 topnavbar += '<li><a href="">Introduction to the Brand Code</a></li>';
45 topnavbar += '<li><a href="">You and the Brand Code</a></li>';
46 topnavbar += '</ol>';
47 topnavbar += '</div>';
```





A hackable text editor
for the 21st Century

The screenshot shows the Atom text editor interface. On the left is a file explorer sidebar with a tree view of folders: build, docs, dot-atom, exports, keymaps, menus, node_modules, resources, script, spec, src (highlighted), and static. The main editor area has a dark theme and shows a file named 'atom.coffee' with a 'Settings' button in the top right. The code is written in CoffeeScript and includes several comments and a class definition. The code is as follows:

```
18
19 # Essential: Atom global for dealing with packages, themes, menus, and the win
20 #
21 # An instance of this class is always available as the `atom` global.
22 module.exports =
23 class Atom extends Model
24   @version: 1 # Increment this when the serialization format changes
25
26   # Load or create the Atom environment in the given mode.
27   #
28   # Returns an Atom instance, fully initialized.
29   @loadOrCreate: (mode) ->
30     startTime = Date.now()
```

Reference

- Learn Git branching (interactive)
 - <http://pcottle.github.io/learnGitBranching/>
- Pro Git
 - <http://git-scm.com/book/>
- 寫給大家的 Git 教學
 - <http://www.slideshare.net/littlebtc/git-5528339>

Today's exercise

- Install Git command line tool in your computer.
 - Follow appendix "Git Command-line Tool Installation".
- Try to submit in GitLab.